Ministry of Finance Department of Economic Affairs Economic Division 4(8)/Ec. Dn. /2017

MONTHLY ECONOMIC REPORT OCTOBER 2017

HIGHLIGHTS

- The growth rate of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at constant market prices in first quarter (April-June) (Q1) of 2017-18 was 5.7 per cent as compared to 7.9 per cent in the corresponding period of previous year.
- The growth rate of Gross Value Added (GVA) at constant basic prices for Q1 of 2017-18 was 5.6 per cent as compared to 7.6 per cent in the corresponding period of previous year. At the sectoral level, GVA of agriculture, industry and services sectors grew at the rate of 2.3 per cent, 1.6 per cent and 8.7 per cent respectively in Q1 of 2017-18.
- Stocks of foodgrains (rice and wheat) held by FCI as on 1st October, 2017was 43.3 million tonnes, as compared to 37.2 million tonnes as on 1st October, 2016.
- The Index of Industrial Production (IIP) grew by 3.8 per cent in September 2017, as compared to a growth of 5.0 per cent in September 2016. IIP growth during April-September 2017 was 2.5 per cent, as compared to growth of 5.8 per cent during April-September 2016.
- Production of eight core infrastructure industries grew by 5.2 per cent in September 2017, as compared to 5.3 per cent in September 2016. During April-September 2017, the production of eight core industries grew by 3.3 per cent, as compared to the growth of 5.4 per cent in corresponding period of previous year.
- Growth of money supply on year on year basis (YoY) as on 27th October 2017 stood at 6.5 per cent as compared to a growth rate of 10.4 per cent recorded in the corresponding period in the previous year.
- The value of merchandise exports declined by 1.1 per cent and merchandise imports increased by 7.6 per cent in US\$ terms in October 2017 over October 2016. During October 2017, oil imports and non-oil imports increased by 27.9 per cent and 2.2 per cent respectively over October 2016.
- Foreign exchange reserves stood at US\$ 398.8 billion as on 27th October 2017, as compared to US\$ 370 billion at end March 2017. The rupee depreciated against the US dollar and Pound sterling by 1.0 per cent and 0.2 per cent respectively, while it appreciated against Euro and Japanese Yen by 0.4 per cent and 1.0 per cent respectively in October 2017 over the previous month of September 2017.
- The WPI headline inflation increased to 3.6 per cent in October 2017 from 2.6 per cent in September 2017. CPI inflation increased to 3.6 per cent in October 2017 from 3.3 per cent in September 2017.
- Gross tax revenue in April-September 2017 recorded a growth of 19.9 per cent over April-September 2016. Tax revenue (net to Centre) increased by 21.0 per cent during April-September 2017.
- The budget estimate of the fiscal deficit for 2017-18 has been set at 3.2 per cent of GDP, as compared to 3.5 per cent in 2016-17(RE).

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1. ECONOMIC GROWTH

- The growth rate of GDP at constant market prices in first quarter (April-June) (Q1) of 2017-18 was 5.7 per cent as compared to 7.9 per cent in the corresponding period of previous year.
- The growth rate of GVA at constant basic prices for Q1 of 2017-18 was 5.6 per cent as compared to 7.6 per cent in the corresponding period of previous year. At the sectoral level, GVA of agriculture, industry and services sectors grew at 2.3 per cent, 1.6 per cent and 8.7 per cent respectively in Q1 of 2017-18.
- As per the provisional estimates of national income for the year 2016-17, the growth of GDP at constant (2011-12) prices was 7.1 per cent in 2016-17 and the growth rate of GVA at constant basic prices for 2016-17 was 6.6 per cent (Table 1).
- The share of total final consumption in GDP at current prices in Q1 of 2017-18 is estimated at 70.7 per cent, as compared to 69.6 per cent in Q1 of 2016-17. The fixed investment rate (ratio of gross fixed capital formation to GDP) declined from 29.2 per cent in Q1 of 2016-17 to 27.5 per cent in 2017-18.
- The saving rate (ratio of gross saving to GDP) for the year 2015-16 was 32.3 per cent, as compared to 33.1 per cent in 2014-15. The investment rate (rate of gross capital formation to GDP) in 2015-16 was 33.3 per cent, as compared to 34.4 per cent in 2014-15.

2. AGRICULTURE AND FOOD MANAGEMENT

- **Rainfall:** The cumulative South West Monsoon rainfall received for the country as a whole, during the period 1st October 15th November, 2017, has been 9 per cent below normal. The actual rainfall received during this period has been 89.4 mm as against the normal at 98.5 mm. Out of the total 36 meteorological subdivisions, 8 subdivisions received excess rainfall, 12 subdivisions received normal rainfall, 5 subdivisions received deficient rainfall, 10 subdivisions received large deficient rainfall and 1 received no rain.
- **Production of food grains:** As per the 1st Advance Estimates released by Ministry of Agriculture, Cooperation & Farmers Welfare on 22nd September 2017, production of kharif foodgrains during 2017-18 is estimated at 134.7 million tonnes, as compared to 138.5 million tonnes (4th Advance estimates) and 135 million tones (1st Advance estimates) in 2016-17 (Table 3).
- **Procurement:** Procurement of rice as on 1st November, 2017 was 12.8 million tonnes during Kharif Marketing Season 2017-18 whereas procurement of wheat was 30.8 million tonnes during Rabi Marketing Season 2017-18 (Table 4).
- **Off-take:** Offtake of rice during the month of September, 2017 was 27.6 lakh tonnes. This comprises 23.8 lakh tonnes under TPDS/NFSA and 3.8 lakh tonnes under other schemes. In respect of wheat, the total offtake was 20.1 lakh tonnes comprising 18.0 lakh tonnes under TPDS/NFSA and 2.1 lakh tonnes under other schemes. The cumulative offtake of foodgrains during 2017-18 is 34.3 million tonnes (Table 5).
- **Stocks:** Stocks of foodgrains (rice and wheat) held by FCI as on 1st October, 2017 was 43.3 million tonnes, as compared to 37.2 million tonnes as on 1st October, 2016 (Table 6).

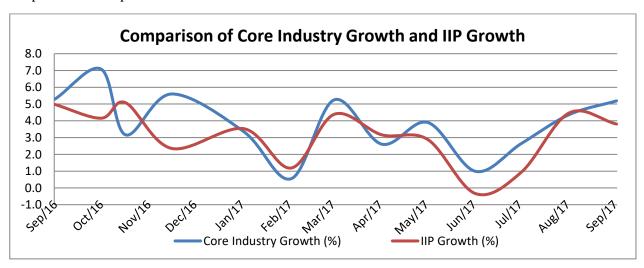
3. INDUSTRY AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Index of Industrial Production (IIP)

- The IIP grew by 3.8 per cent in September 2017, as compared to a growth of 5.0 per cent in September 2016. IIP growth during April- September 2017 was 2.5 per cent, as compared to growth of 5.8 per cent during the corresponding month of previous year (Table 7).
- The mining sector grew at 7.9 per cent in September 2017 as compared to (-)1.2 per cent growth in September 2016. The production growth of this sector during April- September 2017 was 3.9 per cent, as compared to a growth of 3.1 per cent during April- September 2016.
- The manufacturing sector growth was 3.4 per cent in September 2017 as compared to 5.8 per cent growth in September 2016. The manufacturing sector's production growth during April-September 2017 was 1.9 per cent, as compared to growth of 6.1 per cent during April-September 2016.
- In terms of use based classification, all product groups, except consumner durable goods have registered positive growth in September 2017.

Eight Core Industries

- Production of eight core infrastructure industries grew by 5.2 per cent in September 2017, as compared to 5.3 per cent in September 2016. During April- September 2017, the cumulative production of these eight core industries grew by 3.3 per cent, as compared to the growth of 5.4 per cent in corresponding period of previous year (Table 8).
- Coal production increased by 10.6 per cent in September 2017 as compared to a contraction of 6.7 per cent in September 2016.
- Crude oil production grew marginally by 0.1 per cent as compared to a contraction of 4.1 per cent during the corresponding month of previous year. Natural Gas production during September 2017 increased by 6.3 per cent as compared to (-) 5.9 per cent growth during September 2016
- Refinery production increased by 8.1 per cent in September 2017 as compared to 6.9 per cent growth in production during the corresponding period of previous year.
- Fertilizers production declined by 7.7 per cent in September 2017 as compared to a growth of 0.3 per cent in September 2016. Production in the steel sector increased by 3.7 per cent in September 2017 as compared to a increase of 16.1 per cent in September 2016 and cement production registered a growth of 0.1 per cent in September 2017 as compared to a growth of 6.7 per cent in September 2016.



Some Infrastructure Indicators

- The number of telephone subscribers in India was slightly declined from 1,211 million at the end of July to 1210 million in August 2017. The overall tele-density in India stood at 93.7 per hundred individuals at end August 2017; the urban tele-density was 174.0 and rural tele-density was 56.8.
- The traffic handled in major ports grew by 3.3 per cent to 382.9 million tonnes in April-October 2017 from 370.8 million tonnes in the corresponding period of previous year.
- The addition to power generation capacity was about 4578 MW during April-October 2017, as compared to 3,929 MW during the corresponding period of pervious year.
- The total installed capacity for electricity generation was 3,31,118 MW at the end of October 2017, of which the share of thermal, hydro, renewable and nuclear sources was 66.3 per cent, 13.5 per cent, 18.2 per cent and 2.0 per cent respectively.
- As per the Central Electricity Authority, electricity generation grew by 2.8 per cent in October 2017, with cumulative April-October 2017, electricity generation registered a growth of 4.4 per cent.

4. FINANCIAL MARKETS

Money and Banking

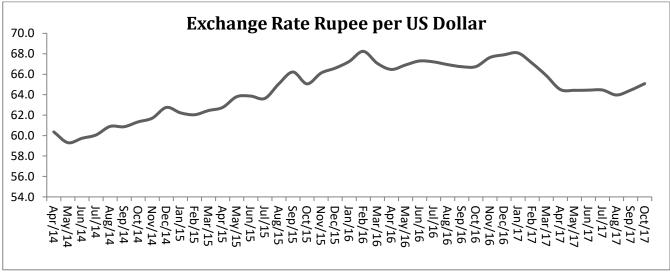
- **Money Supply:** Growth of money supply on year on year basis (YoY) as on 27th October, 2017 stood at 6.5 per cent as compared to a growth rate of 10.4 per cent recorded in the corresponding period in the previous year. As regards the components of money supply, the growth of 'currency with the public' registered decline of 9.0 per cent as on 27th October, 2017 as against growth of 17.8 per cent registered during the corresponding period of previous year. The growth rate of time deposits with banks was 7.6 per cent as on 27th October, 2017 as against 9.2 per cent in recorded in the corresponding period a year ago. On the other hand, demand deposits increased by 21.4 per cent as on 27th October, 2017 as against 10.4 per cent during the same period last year. The details of sources of money supply are given in the Table 9.
- **Growth of Deposits, Credit and Investments by Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCBs):** Growth of aggregate deposits of Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCBs) as on 27th October, 2017 was 9.2 per cent on YoY basis as compared to 9.2 per cent recorded during the corresponding date of the previous year. In terms of bank credit, YoY growth was 7.2 per cent as of 27th October, 2017 as against 8.7 per cent in the corresponding period a year ago. The YoY growth of investment in Government and other approved securities by SCBs was 15.9 per cent as of 27th October, 2017 as compared to 8.0 per cent in the corresponding period of the previous year.
- The base lending rate as on 3rd November, 2017 was 8.95/9.45 per cent as compared to 9.30/9.65 per cent during the corresponding period a year ago. The term deposit rates for above one year was 6.00/6.75 per cent as on 3rd November, 2017 as against 6.50/7.30 per cent during the corresponding period a year ago.

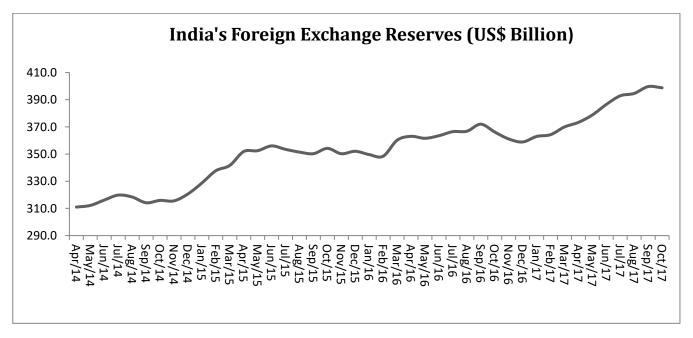
5. EXTERNAL SECTOR

• **Foreign trade:** The value of merchandise exports declined by 1.1 per cent and merchandise imports increased by 7.6 per cent in US\$ terms in October 2017 over October 2016. During October 2017, oil imports and non-oil imports increased by 27.9 per cent and 2.2 per cent respectively over October 2016. During April-October 2017, the value of merchandise exports and imports increased by 9.6 per cent and 22.2 per cent respectively. Oil imports and non-oil

imports increased by 20.2 per cent and 22.8 per cent respectively in April-October 2017 over corresponding period of previous year (Table 10).

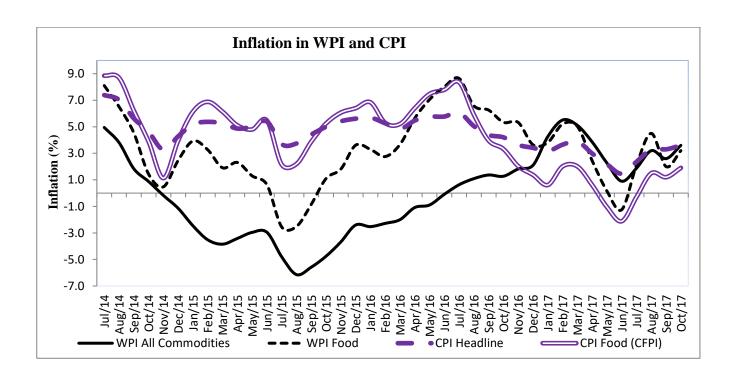
- **Balance of Payments Situation:** India's current account deficit (CAD) increased sharply from US\$ 0.4 billion (0.1 per cent of GDP) in Q1 of 2016 -17 to US\$ 14.3 billion (2.4 per cent of GDP) in Q1 of 2017-18. During the first quarter of 2017-18, the net invisibles balance (invisible receipts minus invisible payments) was US\$ 26.9 billion as compared to US\$ 23.4 billion in the corresponding quarter of 2016-17. The net capital inflows (including errors and omissions) were US\$ 25.7 billion (4.3 per cent of GDP) in the first quarter of 2017-18 as compared to US\$ 7.4 billion (1.4 per cent of GDP) in the corresponding quarter of 2016-17.
- **Foreign Exchange Reserves**: Foreign exchange reserves stood at US\$ 398.8 billion as on 27th October 2017, as compared to US\$ 370 billion at end-March 2017 (Table 11).
- **Exchange rate**: The rupee depreciated against the US dollar and Pound sterling by 1.0 per cent and 0.2 per cent respectively, while it appreciated against Euro and Japanese Yen by 0.4 per cent and 1.0 per cent respectively in October 2017 over the previous month of September 2017 (Table 12).
- External Debt: India's external debt stood at US\$ 485.8 billion at end-June 2017, recording an increase of 3.0 per cent over the level at end-March 2017. Long-term debt was US\$ 397.0 billion at end-June 2017 as compared to US\$ 383.9 billion at end-March 2017. Short-term external debt was US\$ 88.8 billion at end-June 2017, as compared to US\$ 88.0 billion at end-March 2017.





6. INFLATION

- The Inflation based on Consumer Price Indices (CPI): The all India CPI inflation (New Series-Combined) increased to 3.6 per cent in October 2017 from 3.3 per cent in September 2017. Food inflation based on Consumer Food Price Index (CFPI) increased to 1.9 per cent in October 2017 from 1.2 per cent in September 2017 on account of increase in inflation in vegetables, milk and milk products and egg. CPI fuel and light inflation for October 2017 increased to 6.4 per cent as compared to 5.6 per cent in September 2017.
- Inflation based on CPI-IW for September 2017 increased to 2.9 per cent from 2.5 per cent in August 2017. Inflation based on CPI-AL and CPI-RL increased to 2.9 per cent and 3.0 per cent respectively in October, 2017 (Table 16).
- Wholesale Price Index (WPI): The WPI inflation based on the revised series (2011-12=100) increased to 3.6 per cent in October 2017 from 2.6 per cent in September 2017. WPI food inflation (food articles + food products) increased to 3.2 per cent in October 2017 from to 2.0 per cent in September 2017. Inflation in 'fuel & powe' increased to 10.5 per cent in October 2017 as compared to 9.0 per cent in September 2017. Inflation for manufactured products decreased to 2.6 per cent in October 2017 as compared to 2.7 per cent in September 2017. Inflation for non-food manufactured products (core) remained unchanged at 2.9 per cent in October 2017 as in September 2017.
- Global Commodity Prices (based on the World Bank Pink Sheet data): Food inflation based on World Bank Food index stood at (-)2.0 per cent in October 2017 as compared to (-)2.6 per cent in September 2017. Energy prices as measured by the World Bank energy index increased by 11.1 per cent (YoY) and 'metals & minerals' increased by 30.0 per cent in October 2017 (Table 15).



7. PUBLIC FINANCE

- The budget estimate of the fiscal deficit for 2017-18 is 3.2 per cent of GDP, as compared to 3.5 per cent in 2016-17(RE). The Budget estimate for revenue deficit as percentage of GDP for 2017-18 is 1.9 per cent, as compared to 2.1 per cent in 2016-17(RE).
- The growth in provisional figures for April-September 2017 over April-September 2016 are as follows:
 - ➤ Gross tax revenue was Rs.8,33,840 crore in April-September 2017, recorded a growth of 19.9 per cent.
 - Revenue Receipts (net to Centre) increased to Rs.6,23,207crore, a growth of 9.9 per cent.
 - ➤ Tax revenue (net to Centre) increased to Rs.5,42,358 crore, a growth of 21 per cent.
 - Non-tax revenue of Rs.80,849 crore, registered a declined by 31.9 per cent.
 - Revenue expenditure increased by 12.3 per cent.
 - > Capital expenditure increased by 8.5 per cent.
 - ➤ Total expenditure amounting to Rs.11,49,187 crore, increased by 11.8 per cent.

8. SOME MAJOR ECONOMIC DECISIONS IN OCTOBER 2017

- The Union Cabinet approved for revision of pay scales for about 8 lakh teachers and other equivalent academic staff in higher educational institutions under the purview of the University Grants Commission and in Centrally Funded Technical Institutions, following implementation of the recommendations of the 7th Central Pay Commission for Central Government employees.
- The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs approved two new World Bank supported schemes of Rs. 6,655 crore Skills Acquisition and Knowledge Awareness for Livelihood Promotion (SANKALP) and Skill Strengthening for Industrial Value Enhancement (STRIVE). STRIVE scheme shall incentivize ITIs to improve overall performance including apprenticeship by involving SMEs, business association and industry clusters.
- The Government of India has announced the Sale (re-issue) of (i) "Government of India Floating Rate Bonds 2024" for a notified amount of Rs. 3000 crore (nominal) through price based auction, (ii) "6.79 per cent Government Stock, 2027" for a notified amount of Rs. 8,000 crore (nominal) through price based auction, (iii) "7.73 per cent Government Stock 2034" for a notified amount of Rs. 2,000 crore(nominal) through price based auction, (iv) "7.06 per cent Government Stock, 2046" for a notified amount of Rs. 2,000 crore (nominal) through price based auction. Subject to the limit of Rs. 15,000 crore, being total notified amount, GoI will have the option to retain additional subscription up to Rs.1,000 crore against any of the above security.
- National Mission for Clean Ganga has approved eight projects worth Rs. 700 crore, out of which
 four pertain to sewage management in Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and West Bengal, three are related
 to treatment of drains through bio-remediation and one of inventorization and surveillance of
 river Ganga.
- The Union Cabinet approved for signing of a Memorandum of Understanding between Securities and Exchange Board of India and Financial Services Commission, Gibraltar for mutual cooperation and technical assistance.
- The Asian Development Bank and the Government of India signed a \$300 million loan to continue a series of fiscal reforms in the State of West Bengal to improve the quality of public service delivery.
- The Asian Development Bank and the Government of India signed a \$65.5 million loan agreement to continue interventions to check coastal erosion on the Western Coast in Karnataka.

TABLES

Table 1: Growth of GVA at Basic Prices by Economic Activity at Constant (2011-12) Prices (in per										
cent)										
Sectors	Grov	wth Rate	(%)	Share in	GVA or G	DP (%)				
	2014-	2015-	2016-	2014-	2015-	2016-				
	15	16	17	15	16	17				
			PE			PE				
Agriculture, forestry & fishing	-0.2	0.7	4.9	16.5	15.4	15.2				
Industry	7.5	8.8	5.6	31.2	31.5	31.2				
Mining & quarrying	11.7	10.5	1.8	3.0	3.1	3.0				
Manufacturing	8.3	10.8	7.9	17.4	17.8	18.1				
Electricity, gas, water supply & other utility services	7.1	5.0	7.2	2.2	2.1	2.2				
Construction	4.7	5.0	1.7	8.6	8.4	8.0				
Services	9.7	9.7	7.7	52.2	53.1	53.7				
Trade, Hotel, Transport Storage	9.0	10.5	7.8	18.5	19.0	19.2				
Financial , real estate & prof services	11.1	10.8	5.7	21.4	21.9	21.7				
Public Administration, defence and other	8.1	6.9	11.3	12.4	12.2	12.8				
services										
GVA at basic prices	7.2	7.9	6.6	100.0	100.0	100.0				
GDP at market prices 7.5 8.0 7.1										
Source: Central Statistics Office (CSO), PE:Provision	Source: Central Statistics Office (CSO), PE:Provisional estimates of GDP released on 31st May 2017.									

Table 2: Quarter-wise Growth of (GVA at	Consta	nt (20	11-12)	Basic	Prices	s (per	cent)	
Sectors	2015-16			2016-17			2017-18		
Sectors	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1
Agriculture, forestry & fishing	2.4	2.3	-2.1	1.5	2.5	4.1	6.9	5.2	2.3
Industry	7.3	7.1	10.3	10.3	7.4	5.9	6.2	3.1	1.6
Mining & quarrying	8.3	12.2	11.7	10.5	-0.9	-1.3	1.9	6.4	-0.7
Manufacturing	8.2	9.3	13.2	12.7	10.7	7.7	8.2	5.3	1.2
Electricity, gas ,water supply & other utility services	2.8	5.7	4.0	7.6	10.3	5.1	7.4	6.1	7.0
Construction	6.2	1.6	6.0	6.0	3.1	4.3	3.4	-3.7	2.0
Services	9.3	10.1	9.6	10.0	9.0	7.8	6.9	7.2	8.7
Trade, hotels, transport, communication and services related to broadcasting	10.3	8.3	10.1	12.8	8.9	7.7	8.3	6.5	11.1
Financial, real estate & professional services	10.1	13.0	10.5	9.0	9.4	7.0	3.3	2.2	6.4
Public administration, defence and Other Services	6.2	7.2	7.5	6.7	8.6	9.5	10.3	17.0	9.5
GVA at Basic Price	7.6	8.2	7.3	8.7	7.6	6.8	6.7	5.6	5.6
GDP at market prices		8.0	7.2	9.1	7.9	7.5	7.0	6.1	5.7
Source: Central Statistics Office (CSO).									

Table 3: Production of Major Agricultural Crops (1st Adv. Est.)										
Crops	Production (Million Tonnes)									
	2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17									
					(4th AE)	(1st AE)*				
Total Foodgrains	257.1	265.0	252.0	251.6	275.7	134.7				
Rice	105.2	106.7	105.5	104.4	110.2	94.5				
Wheat	93.5	95.9	86.5	92.3	98.4					
Total Coarse Cereals	40.0	43.3	42.9	38.5	44.2	31.5				
Total Pulses	18.3	19.3	17.2	16.4	23.0	8.7				
Total Oilseeds	30.9	32.8	27.5	25.3	32.1	20.7				
Sugarcane	341.2	352.1	362.3	348.4	306.7	337.7				
Cotton#	34.2	35.9	34.8	30.0	33.1	32.3				
Source: DES, DAC&FW, M/o Agriculture & Farmers Welfare. 4th AE: 4th Advance Estimates, # Million bales of 170 kgs. each. *: Only Kharif Crops.										

Crops	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18
Rice#	35.0	34.0	31.8	32.0	34.2	38.1	12.8*
Wheat@	28.3	38.2	25.1	28.0	28.1	23.0	30.8
Total	63.3	72.2	56.9	60.2	62.3	61.1	43.6

Kharif Marketing Season (October-September), @ Rabi Marketing Season (April-March), * As on 01.11.2017 Source: FCI and DFPD, M/o Consumer Affairs and Public Distribution.

Table 5: Offtake of Foodgrains (Million Tonnes)										
Crops	2012-13	2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17(P) 2017-18								
Rice	32.6	29.2	30.7	31.8	32.8	20.2				
Wheat	33.2	30.6	25.2	31.8	29.1	14.1				
Total	65.8	59.8	55.9	63.6	61.9	34.3				
(Rice & Wheat)										
Source: DFPD, M/o Consumer Affairs and Public Distribution. P: Provisional,*: up to September 2017										

Table 6: Stocks of Foodgrains (Million Tonnes)								
Crops	October 1, 2016	October 1, 2017						
1. Rice	14.5	16.3						
2. Unmilled Paddy#	2.1	1.7						
3. Converted Unmilled Paddy in terms of	1.4	1.1						
Rice								
4. Wheat	21.3	25.9						
Total (Rice & Wheat)(1+3+4)	37.2	43.3						
# Since September, 2013, FCI gives separate figures for rice and unmilled paddy lying with FCI & state agencies in terms of rice.								

Table 7: Percentage Change in Index of Industrial Production (Base 2011-12)									
Industry Group	April-Sept.	April-Sept.	Sept 2016	Sept 2017*					
	2016-17	2017-18							
General index	5.8	2.5	5.0	3.8					
Mining	3.1	3.9	-1.2	7.9					
Manufacturing	6.1	1.9	5.8	3.4					
Electricity	6.4	5.7	5.1	3.4					
Use based Classification									
Primary goods	5.0	3.7	2.2	6.6					
Capital goods	6.2	-0.2	-7.5	7.4					
Intermediate goods	3.1	0.4	1.8	1.9					
Infrastructure/construction goods	4.9	2.0	8.7	0.5					
Consumer Durables	6.9	-1.5	10.3	-4.8					
Consumer Non-durables	10.1	7.4	12.7	10.0					
Source: CSO. *: Figures for Sept. 2017 are Quid	ck Estimates.								

Industry	April-Sept.	April-Sept.	Sept2016	Sept2017
v	2016-17	2017-18	•	•
Coal	0.8	1.5	-6.7	10.6
Crude oil	-3.3	-0.2	-4.1	0.1
Natural Gas	-4.3	5.0	-5.9	6.3
Refinery Products	7.3	2.1	6.9	8.1
Fertilizers	1.5	-2.1	0.3	-7.7
Steel	9.9	5.5	16.1	3.7
Cement	4.7	-1.9	6.7	0.1
Electricity	6.5	6.0	5.1	5.2
Overall growth	5.4	3.3	5.3	5.2

Table 9: Broad Money: Sources									
		_		(₹ Billion)					
	Outstandin	g as on	YoY Growth						
Item	2017	7	2016	2017					
	Mar. 31	Oct. 27	%	%					
M3	1,28,443.9	131,671.4	10.4	6.5					
Sources									
Net Bank Credit to Government	38,690.9	40,419.6	13.6	8.5					
Bank Credit to Commercial Sector	84,514.3	84,880.4	8.4	6.8					
Net Foreign Exchange Assets of Banking Sector	25,582.3	27,084.9	8.9	2.7					
Government's Currency Liabilities to the Public	250.9	254.8	12.4	8.4					
Banking Sector's Net Non-Monetary Liabilities	20,594.6	20,968.4	6.3	6.6					
Source: RBI	·	·							

Table 10 : Exports and Imports (in US\$ million)										
Items	2016-17	2016	2017	Growth(%)	2016 2017 Growth(%					
		(October) (April-October)								
Exports	275852	23361	23098	-1.1	155344	170287	9.6			
Imports	384356	34495	37117	7.6	209835	256434	22.2			
Oil Imports	86964	7261	9287	27.9	46788	56252	20.2			
Non-Oil Imports	297392	27234	27830	2.2	163047	200182	22.8			
Trade Deficit	-108504	-11134	-14019	-	-54491	-86148	-			
Source: Provisional data as per the Press Release of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry										

Table 11: Foreign Exchange Reserves (in Billion)									
End of Financial Year	Foreig	n Exchange Reserves	Va	riation					
	(Rupees)	(US Dollar)	(Rupees)	(US Dollar)					
At the end of year			(Vari	iation over last year)					
2012-13	15884	292.0	823	-2.4					
2013-14	18284	304.2	2400	12.2					
2014-15	21376	341.6	3093	37.4					
2015-16	23787	360.2	2411	18.6					
2016-17	23982	370.0	195	9.8					
At the end of month			(Variat	ion over last month)					
January 2016	23586	349.6	370	-2.4					
February 2016	23744	348.4	158	-1.2					
March 2016	23787	360.2	44	11.8					
April 2016	24040	363.0	253	2.9					
May 2016	24174	361.6	134	-1.4					
June 2016	24442	363.5	268	1.9					
July 2016	24446	366.5	4	3.0					
August 2016	24448	366.8	2	0.3					
September 2016	24693	372.0	245	5.2					
October 2016	24413	366.2	-280	-5.8					
November 2016	24725	361.1	312	-5.1					
December 2016	24376	358.9	-349	-2.2					
January 2017	24601	363.0	224	4.1					
Februay 2017	24300	364.3	-301	1.3					
March 2017	23982	370.0	-318	5.7					
2017-18									
April 2017	23968	373.3	-14	3.4					
May 2017	24529	380.1	561	6.8					
June 2017	25019	386.5	489	6.4					
July 2017	25221	393.7	202	7.1					
August 2017	25463	397.8	243	4.2					
September 2017	26149	400.2	686	2.4					
October 2017*	25956	398.8	-193	-1.4					
Source: RBI, *: As on 27th October	r 2017								

Table 12: Rupee per unit of foreign currency*										
Financial Year	US dollar	Pound sterling	Euro	Japanese yen						
2012-13**	54.4099	86.1380	70.0693	0.6585						
2013-14	60.5019	96.3058	81.1745	0.6040						
2014-15	61.1436	98.5730	77.5210	0.5583						
2015-16	65.4647	98.5730	72.2907	0.5459						
2016-17	67.0731	87.6952	73.6141	0.6204						
	•	Monthly								
June-2016	67.2969	95.5533	75.5728	0.6389						
July-2016	67.2076	88.5198	74.3591	0.6450						
Auguest-2016	66.9396	87.7976	75.0042	0.6606						
September-2016	66.7377	87.7152	74.8257	0.6549						
October-2016	66.7481	82.5534	73.634	0.6438						
November-2016	67.6381	84.0243	73.1418	0.6262						
December-2016	67.9004	84.7352	71.598	0.5854						
January-2017	68.0803	83.8615	72.3259	0.5918						
February-2017	67.0755	83.8165	71.4646	0.5934						
March-2017	65.8767	81.2450	70.3416	0.5830						
April 2017	64.5071	81.5426	69.1656	0.5857						
May 2017	64.4248	83.2101	71.2258	0.5745						
June 2017	64.4430	82.5126	72.4139	0.5814						
July 2017	64.4559	83.7544	74.2036	0.5734						
August 2017	63.9684	83.0433	75.5956	0.5822						
September 2017	64.4409	85.7254	76.7891	0.5822						
October 2017	65.0813	85.9151	76.4800	0.5764						

Source: Reserve Bank of India. * FEDAI Indicative Market Rates (on monthly average basis), ** Data from March, 2013 onwards are based on RBI's reference rate.

Table 13: Balanc	e of Payments:	(US\$ billion)		
	2015-16	2016-17	Q1 2016-17	Q1 2017-18
Merchandise exports	266.4	280.1	66.6	73.7
Merchandise imports	396.4	392.6	90.5	114.9
Trade balance	-130.1	-112.4	-23.8	-41.2
Net services	69.7	67.5	15.7	18.2
Income (net)	-24.4	-26.3	-6.3	-5.8
Net invisibles	107.9	97.1	23.4	26.9
Current Account Balance	-22.2	-15.3	-0.4	-14.3
Capital/Finance A/c				
Foreign Invesment (net)	31.9	43.2	6.0	19.7
FDI(Net)	36.0	35.6	3.9	7.2
Portfolio (net)	-4.1	7.6	2.1	12.5
Capital Account Balance (including errors & omission)	40.1	36.8	7.4	25.7
Overall Balance	17.9	21.6	7.0	11.4
Change in Reserves (-indicates increase; + indicates decrease on BOP basis)	-17.9	-21.6	-7.0	-11.4
Memo Items/Assumptions				
Trade balance/GDP(%)	-6.2	-5.0	-4.5	-6.8
Current Account Balance/GDP (%)	-1.1	-0.7	-0.1	-2.4
Net Capital Flows/GDP (%)	1.9	1.6	1.4	4.3
Source: Reserve Bank of India	l l		l.	

	Oct2016	2016-17 (April- October)	Oct2017	2017-18 (April- October)				
External Assistance (Government Account)								
1) Gross Disbursement	2,059.7	21,102.0	1,720.4	20,580.8				
2) Repayments	1,020.7	14,411.3	1,001.6	14,351.5				
3) Interest Payments	403.1	2,775.1	371.2	3,050.9				
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	1,039.0	6,690.7	718.8	6,229.2				
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	635.9	3,915.6	347.6	3,178.4				
External Assistance (Non-Government Account)								
1) Gross Disbursement 1,211.7 2,031.0 0.00 1,087.4								
2) Repayments	4.8	2,541.6	0.00	1,972.7				
3) Interest Payments	2.4	319.0	0.00	427.6				
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	1,206.9	-510.8	0.00	-885.4				
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	1,204.5	-829.7	0.00	-1,313.0				
5,11001141101010 (1.0)		nment Grants		1,010.0				
1) Gross Disbursement	197.1	535.8	6.7	930.6				
2) Repayments	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0				
3) Interest Payments	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0				
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	197.1	535.8	6.7	930.6				
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	197.1	535.8	6.7	930.6				
	Non-Gov	ernment Grants						
1) Gross Disbursement	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
2) Repayments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
3) Interest Payments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Grand Total								
1) Gross Disbursements	3,468.5	23,668.8	1,727.1	22,598.7				
2) Repayments	1,025.5	16,953.0	1,001.6	16,324.3				
3) Interest Payments	405.5	3,094.1	371.2	3,478.5				
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	2,443.0	6,715.7	725.5	6,274.4				
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	2,037.5	3,621.7	354.3	2,796.0				

Table 15: Year-on-Year global inflation for major groups/sub-groups (in per cent)							
	October 2016	August 2017	September 2017	October 2017			
Energy	6.7	12.9	17.8	11.1			
Non-energy	2.0	3.3	5.7	5.9			
Agriculture	3.1	-4.8	-3.0	-2.7			
Beverages	1.9	-11.8	-13.4	-12.9			
Food	6.0	-5.3	-2.6	-2.0			
Raw Materials	-3.5	0.7	2.0	1.6			
Fertilizers	-23.4	-1.9	3.4	9.0			
Metals & Minerals	3.1	27.9	31.6	30.0			
Precious Metals	9.4	-6.1	-2.7	0.1			
Source: World Bank							

Table 16: Year-on-Year inflation based on WPI and CPI's (in per cent)						
	WPI	CPI-IW	CPI-AL	CPI-RL	CPI (NS-Combined)	
Base :	2011-12	2001	1986-87	1986-87	2012	
2014-15	1.2	6.3	6.6	6.9	5.9	
2015-16	-3.7	5.6	4.4	4.6	4.9	
2016-17	1.7	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.5	
Jun-16	-0.1	6.1	6.0	6.1	5.8	
Jul-16	0.6	6.5	6.7	6.5	6.1	
Aug-16	1.1	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.0	
Sep-16	1.4	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.4	
Oct-16	1.3	3.3	3.2	3.3	4.2	
Nov-16	1.8	2.6	2.9	3.0	3.6	
Dec-16	2.1	2.2	2.7	2.8	3.4	
Jan-17	4.3	1.9	2.5	2.6	3.2	
Feb-17	5.5	2.6	3.1	2.9	3.7	
Mar-17	5.1	2.6	2.7	2.8	3.9	
Apr-17	3.9	2.2	2.6	2.6	3.0	
May-17	2.3	1.1	1.4	1.4	2.2	
Jun-17	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.5	
Jul-17	1.9	1.8	8.0	1.1	2.4	
Aug-17	3.2	2.5	2.1	2.2	3.3	
Sep-17	2.6	2.9	2.3	2.5	3.3	
Oct-17	3.6	-	2.9	3.0	3.6	

Note: WPI inflation for last two months and CPI (New Series-Combined) inflation for last one month are provisional.

Source: Office of Economic Adviser- DIPP, Labour Bureau and Central Statistics Office.

Table 17: Fiscal Indicators- Rolling Targets as Percentage of GDP							
(at current market prices)							
	Revised Estimates	Budget Estimates	Targets for				
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20			
Gross Tax Revenue	11.3	11.3	11.6	11.9			
Total outstanding liabilities at the end	46.7	44.7	42.8	40.9			
of the year							
Revenue Deficit	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.4			
Effective Revenue Deficit	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.2			
Fiscal Deficit	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.0			

Notes:

Source: Union Budget 2017-18

Table 18: Trends in Central Government Finances: April-September 2017-18							
	2017-18	April- September		Growth (Per cent)			
	BE (Rs. Crore)	2016-17 (Rs. Crore)	2017-18 (Rs. Crore)	2016-17	2017-18		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
1. Revenue Receipts	1515771	566923	623207	10.4	9.9		
Gross tax revenue	1911579	695693	833840	16.6	19.9		
Tax (net to Centre)	1227014	448155	542358	21.2	21.0		
Non Tax	288757	118768	80849	-17.3	-31.9		
2. Capital Receipts of which	630964	460805	525980	16.0	14.1		
Recovery of loans	11932	6802	7284	17.1	7.1		
Other Receipts	72500	6015	19758	-53.0	228.5		
Borrowings and other liabilities	546532	447988	498938	18.3	11.4		
3. Total Receipts (1+2)	2146735	1027728	1149187	12.9	11.8		
4.Total Expenditure	2146735	1027728	1149187	12.9	11.8		
(a)Revenue Expenditure	1836934	892803	1002798	14.1	12.3		
Of which Grants for creation of Capital Assets	195350	100762	106592	55.3	5.8		
Interest payments	523078	213229	225766	7.9	5.9		
Major Subsidies	240339	142643	186043	1.7	30.4		
Pensions	131201	59643	84091	8.1	41.0		
(b)Capital Expenditure	309801	134925	146389	5.3	8.5		
5. Revenue Deficit	321163	325880	379591	21.1	16.5		
6.Effective Revenue Deficit	125813	225118	272999	10.3	21.3		
7. Fiscal Deficit	546532	447988	498938	18.3	11.4		
8. Primary Deficit	23454	234759	273172	29.8	16.4		

Source: Controller Genral of Accounts, *: Gross Tax Revenue is prior to devolution to the States.

^{1. &}quot;Total outstanding liabilities" include external public debt at current exchange rates. For projections, constant exchange rates have been assumed. Liabilities do not include part of NSSF and total MSS liabilities which are not used for Central Government deficit.