4(8)/Ec. Dn. /2017 Ministry of Finance Department of Economic Affairs Economic Division

MONTHLY ECONOMIC REPORT OCTOBER 2018

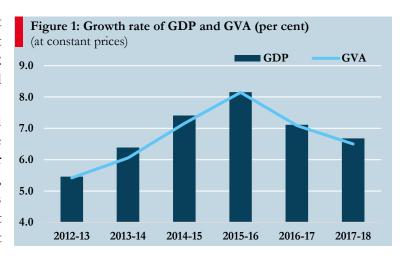
HIGHLIGHTS

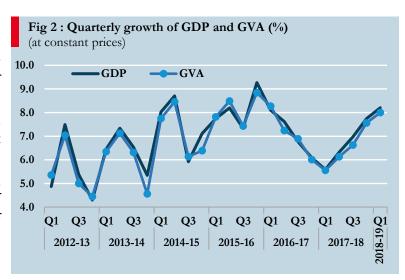
- The growth of real GDP for the first quarter of 2018-19 was 8.2 per cent, reinforcing the upswing in growth that started in second quarter of 2017-18.
- The production of foodgrains during 2017-18 is estimated at 284.8 million tonnes (fourth advance estimate), as compared to 275.1 million tonnes in 2016-17 (final estimate). The total stocks of rice and wheat held by FCI as on 1st November 2018 was 60.5 million tonnes, as compared to 51.1 million tonnes as on 1st November 2017.
- IIP grew by 4.5 per cent in September 2018, as compared to a growth of 4.1 per cent recorded in September 2017. IIP growth during April-September 2018 was 5.1 per cent, as compared to a growth of 2.6 per cent during corresponding period of previous year.
- Production of Eight Core industries grew by 4.3 per cent in September 2018, as compared to 4.7 per cent in September 2017.
- Growth of money supply (on year on year basis) as on 26th October 2018, stood at 10.0 per cent, as compared to a growth of 6.1 per cent recorded as on the corresponding date of previous year.
- The value of merchandise exports and imports increased by 17.9 per cent and 17.6 per cent respectively in US\$ terms during October 2018 over October 2017.
- India's current account deficit as percentage of GDP was 2.4 per cent in the first quarter of 2018-19. Foreign Exchange Reserves stood at US\$ 392.1 billion as on 26th October of 2018.
- The CPI inflation decreased to 3.3 per cent in October 2018 from 3.7 per cent in September 2018. The WPI inflation increased to 5.3 per cent in October 2018 from 5.1 per cent in September 2018.
- The budget estimate of the fiscal deficit for 2018-19 has been set at 3.3 per cent of GDP, as compared to 3.5 per cent in 2017-18(Provisional Actuals).

This report is based on the information received from Macro unit, Agriculture unit, Industry & Infrastructure unit, Money & Banking unit, Price unit, Trade & BOP unit, EDMU, Public Finance unit of the Economic Division and Aid, Accounts and Audit Division. The Report has been prepared by Shri Pradyut Kumar Pyne, Shri Narendra Jena (Economic Officer), and Ms. Aakanksha Arora (Deputy Director) under the supervision of Shri Arvinder Singh Sachdeva.

1. ECONOMIC GROWTH

- The provisional estimates (PE) of national income released by Central Statistics Office (CSO) on 31st May 2018, estimated the growth of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at constant market prices for the year 2017-18 to be 6.7 per cent (Figure 1 and Table 1).
- The growth rate of GDP at constant market prices was 7.1 per cent (first revised estimate) in 2016-17 and 8.2 per cent in 2015-16 (second revised estimate).
- The growth in Gross Value Added (GVA) at constant basic prices for the year 2017-18 is estimated to be 6.5 per cent (PE). At the sectoral level, agriculture, industry and services sectors are estimated to have grown at the rate of 3.4 per cent, 5.5 per cent and 7.9 per cent respectively in 2017-18.
- As per the quarterly estimates, the growth of GDP at constant prices for first quarter (April June) (Q1) of 2018-19 was 8.2 per cent, as compared to the growth of 5.6 per cent recorded in the corresponding quarter of the last year.
- The upswing in quarterly growth, which started in the second quarter of 2017-18, was reinforced in (Q1) of 2018-19, with higher growth as compared to third and fourth quarters of 2017-18 (Figure 2 and Table 2).





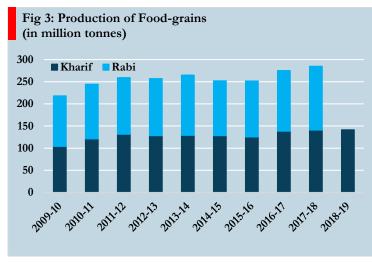
- The share of total final consumption in GDP at current prices in 2017-18 is estimated to be 70.5 per cent, as compared to 69.9 per cent in 2016-17. The fixed investment rate (ratio of gross fixed capital formation to GDP) is estimated to be 28.5 per cent in 2017-18, which is the same as in previous two years. After a transient slowdown in fixed investment growth in Q1 of 2017-18, it rebounded in second quarter and sustained momentum in following quarters.
- The saving rate (ratio of gross saving to GDP) for the year 2016-17 was 30.0 per cent, as compared to 31.3 per cent in 2015-16. The investment rate (ratio of gross capital formation to GDP) was 30.6 per cent in 2016-17, as compared to 32.3 per cent in 2015-16.

2. AGRICULTURE AND FOOD MANAGEMENT

• **Rainfall:** There has been a deficiency of 50 per cent in the cumulative rainfall received for the country as a whole during the period 1st October 2018 to 19th November 2018. The actual rainfall received during this period has been 51.4 mm, as compared to the normal rainfall of 101.8 mm. Out

of the total 36 meteorological subdivisions, 1 subdivision received large excess rainfall, no subdivision received excess rainfall, 5 subdivisions received normal rainfall, 8 subdivisions received deficient rainfall and 22 subdivisions received large deficient rainfall. However, no subdivision remained without rainfall during the period.

All India production of food-grains:
As per the 4th Advance Estimates released by Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare on 28th August 2018, the total production of foodgrains during 2017-18 is estimated at 284.8 million tonnes, as compared to the production of 275.1 million tonnes in 2016-17. As per the 1st Advance Estimates for 2018-19, the total production of kharif foodgrains is estimated at 141.6 million tonnes (Table 3).



- **Procurement:** Procurement of rice as on 31st October 2018 during Kharif Marketing Season 2018-19 was 10.1 million tonnes, and procurement of wheat during Rabi Marketing Season 2018-19 was 35.8 million tonnes (Table 4).
- Offtake: The offtake of rice under all schemes during the month of September 2018 has been 30.8 lakh tonnes. This comprises 26.3 lakh tonnes under TPDS/NFSA (offtake against the allocation for the month of October 2018) and 4.6 lakh tonnes under other schemes. In respect of wheat, the total offtake has been 27.8 lakh tonnes comprising of 18.2 lakh tonnes under TPDS/NFSA (offtake against the allocation for the month of October 2018) and 9.7 lakh tonnes under other schemes. The cumulative offtake of foodgrains during 2018-19 is 34.6 million tonnes (Table 5).
- **Stocks:** Total stocks of rice and wheat held by FCI as on 1st November 2018 was 60.5 million tonnes, as compared to 51.1 million tonnes as on 1st November 2017 (Table 6).

3. INDUSTRY AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Index of Industrial Production (IIP)

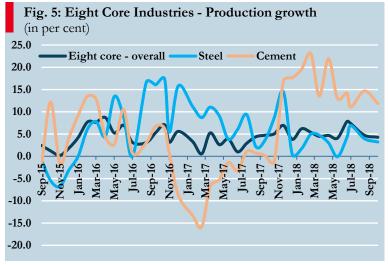
- The general IIP grew by 4.5 per cent in September 2018, as compared to a growth of 4.1 per cent recorded in September 2017. The growth of IIP during April-September 2018 was 5.1 per cent, as compared to 2.6 per cent recorded during corresponding period a year ago (Table 7).
- The production of the manufacturing sector grew by 4.6 per cent in September 2018, as compared to a growth of 3.8 per cent in September 2017 (Figure 4). The manufacturing sector's growth during April-September 2018 was 5.3 per cent, as compared to a growth of 2.0 per cent during April-September 2017.



- The mining sector grew by 0.2 per cent in September 2018, as compared to a growth of 7.2 per cent during September 2017. During April-September 2018, production of this sector grew by 3.3 per cent, as compared to a growth of 3.9 per cent during the corresponding period of the previous year.
- In terms of use based classification, all sectors have registered positive growth in September 2018. Notably, Infrastructure/construction sector grew by 9.5 per cent in September 2018, as compared to a growth of 0.5 per cent recorded in September 2017. Consumer durables goods sector registered a growth of 5.2 per cent in September 2018, as compared to a contraction of 4.1 per cent in September 2017.

Performance of Eight Core Industries

- Production of eight core infrastructure industries grew by 4.3 per cent in September 2018, as compared to a growth of 4.7 per cent in September 2017. During April-September 2018, the production of eight core industries grew by 5.5 per cent, as compared to a growth of 3.2 per cent recorded in the corresponding period of the previous year (Table 8).
- The growth in cement production was 11.8 per cent in September 2018, as compared to a growth of 0.1 per cent in September 2017 (Figure 5). During April-September 2018, cement production grew by 14.4 per cent, as compared to a contraction of 1.4 per cent in April-September 2017.
- Production of steel sector grew by 3.2 per cent in September 2018, as compared to a growth of 3.7 per cent in September 2017. During April-September 2018, production of this sector grew by 3.5 per cent.



• Coal production grew by 6.4 per cent in September 2018, as compared to a growth of 10.4 per cent in September 2017. Growth of production of petroleum refinery products was 2.5 per cent in September 2018, as compared to a growth of 8.1 per cent in September 2017. Crude oil and natural gas production contracted by 4.2 per cent and 1.8 per cent respectively in September 2018.

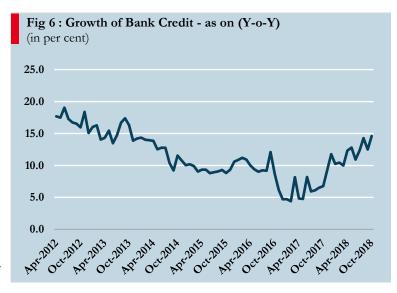
Some Other Infrastructure Indicators

- The number of telephone subscribers in India increased from 1179 million at the end of July 2018 to 1189 million at end August 2018. The overall tele-density in India increased from 90.4 per hundred individuals at end July 2018 to 91.1 at end August 2018; the urban tele-density was 161.1 and rural tele-density was 58.6 at end August 2018.
- The traffic handled at major ports grew by 5.3 per cent to 403.4 million tonnes in April-October 2018, from 383.1 million tonnes in the corresponding period of the previous year.
- The total installed capacity for electricity generation was 3,46,048 MW at the end of October 2018, of which the share of thermal, hydro, renewable and nuclear sources was 64.1 per cent, 13.1 per cent, 20.8 per cent and 2.0 per cent respectively.
- As per the Central Electricity Authority, electricity generation grew by 10.2 per cent in October 2018 (year on year (YoY) basis).

4. FINANCIAL MARKETS

Money and Banking

- Money Supply (M3): M3 increased by ₹ 4.6 trillion as on the fortnight ended on 26th October in 2018-19. Growth of M3 (on YoY basis) as on 26th October 2018 was 10.0 per cent, as compared to a growth of 6.1 per cent recorded in the corresponding fortnight end of the previous year (Table 9). In M3, 'currency with the public' grew by 21.1 per cent as on 26th October 2018, as against a contraction of 9.0 per cent registered during the corresponding fortnight end a year ago. The growth of 'time deposits with banks' was 8.6 per cent as on 26th October 2018, as against 7.1 per cent recorded in the corresponding fortnight end a year ago. 'Demand deposits with banks' contracted in 2018-19 so far and resulting a growth of 7.7 per cent (on YoY basis) as on 26th October 2018, as against 20.5 per cent recorded in the corresponding fortnight end of the previous year.
- Aggregate deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCBs) grew by 9.0 per cent (on YoY basis) as on 26th October 2018, as compared to 8.7 per cent recorded on the corresponding date of the previous year. Growth of bank credit (on YoY basis) was 14.6 per cent as on 26th October 2018, as against 6.8 per cent on the corresponding date a year ago. The YoY growth of investment in Government and other approved securities by SCBs was 3.2 per cent as on 26th October 2018, as compared to 15.5 per cent on the corresponding date of the previous year.

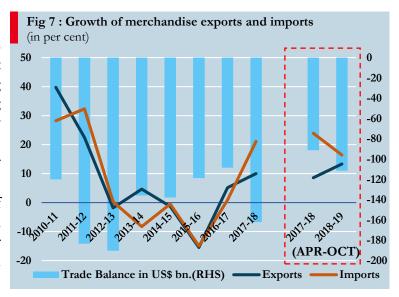


• Lending and deposit rates: The base lending rate as on 2nd November 2018 was 8.85/9.45 per cent, as compared to 8.95/9.45 per cent during the corresponding period a year ago. The term deposit rates for above one year was 6.25/7.25 per cent as on 2nd November 2018, as against 6.00/6.75 per cent during the corresponding period a year ago.

5. EXTERNAL SECTOR

Merchandise Trade

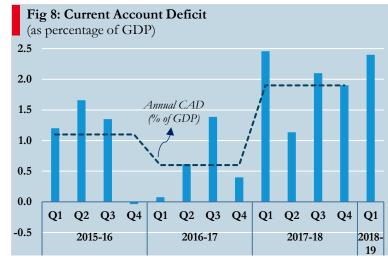
- Foreign trade: Merchandise exports and imports increased by 17.9 per cent and 17.6 per cent respectively during October 2018 in US Dollar term. During October 2018, oil imports increased by 52.7 per cent and non-oil imports increased by 6.1 per cent over October 2017 (Table 10).
- During April-October 2018, the value of merchandise exports and imports term increased by 13.3 per cent and 16.4 per cent respectively in US Dollar term (Figure 7).



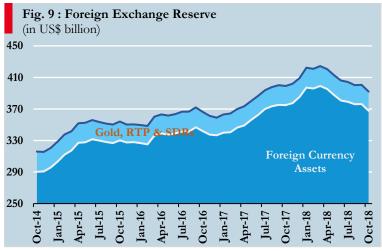
- Oil imports and non-oil imports increased by 50.5 per cent and 7.1 per cent respectively in April-October 2018.
- The value of merchandise trade deficit in October 2018 was US\$ 17.1 billion, which was higher than the level of US\$ 14.6 billion in October 2017. During April-October 2018, merchandise trade deficit increased to US\$ 111.5 billion, from US\$ 91.3 billion in April-October 2017.

India's Balance of Payments:

• India's current account deficit (CAD) was US\$ 15.8 billion (2.4 per cent of GDP) in the Q1 of 2018-19, as compared to US\$ 15.0 billion (2.5 per cent of GDP) in the corresponding quarter of 2017-18 (Figure 8). The widening of the CAD was primarily on account of a higher trade deficit.



- Net foreign direct investment in Q1 of 2018-19 was US\$ 9.7 billion, as compared to US\$ 7.1 billion in Q1 of 2017-18. (Table 11). Portfolio investment recorded net outflow of US\$ 8.1 billion in Q1 of 2018-19, as compared to an inflow of US\$ 12.5 billion in Q1 of last year. In Q1 of 2018-19, there was a depletion of US\$ 11.3 billion of the foreign exchange reserves (on BoP basis), as against an accretion of US\$ 11.4 billion in Q1 of 2017-18.
- Foreign Exchange Reserves:
 Foreign exchange reserves stood at 450
 US\$ 392.1 billion as on 26th October
 2018, as compared to US\$ 424.5 billion
 at end-March 2018 (Table 12 and Figure 9).
- In 2017-18, there was an accretion of US\$ 43.6 billion to the foreign exchange reserves, as compared to an accretion of US\$ 21.6 billion in 2016-17 (on BoP basis) (Table 11).
- Exchange Rate: The rupee depreciated against the US dollar, pound sterling, Euro and Japanese Yen by 1.9 per cent, 1.8 per cent, 0.5 per cent and 1.2 per cent respectively in October 2018 over September 2018 (Figure 10 and Table 13).

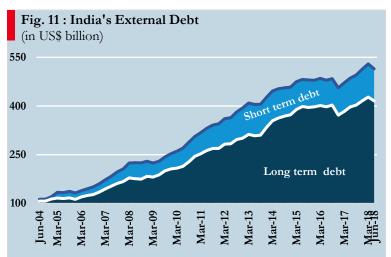


Note: RTP: Reserve Tranche Position, SDRs: Special Drawing Rights



External Debt:

India's external debt stood at US\$ billion at end-June 2018, recording an increase of 6.0 per cent over the level at end-June 2017. Longterm debt was US\$ 415.7 billion at 400 end-June 2018, as compared to US\$ 396.5 billion at end-June 2017. Shortdebt external (by original maturity) was US\$ 98.7 billion at end-June 2018, as compared to US\$ 89 billion at end-June2017 (Figure 11).



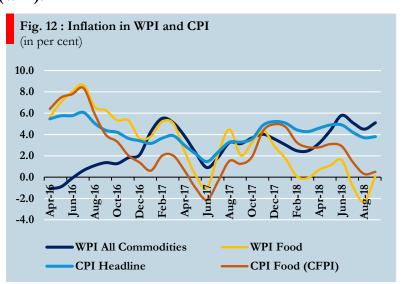
6. INFLATION

Inflation based on Consumer Price Indices (CPIs):

- The all India Consumer Price Index Combined (CPI-C) inflation decreased to 3.3 per cent in October 2018 from 3.7 per cent in September 2018. Food inflation based on Consumer Food Price Index (CFPI) decreased to (-)0.9 per cent in October 2018 from 0.5 per cent in September 2018 due to decrease in inflation of cereals and products, milk & products, oils & fats, fruits, spices and prepared meals, snacks, sweets etc. CPI fuel and light inflation for October, 2018 decreased to 8.5 per cent, as compared to 8.6 per cent in September 2018.
- Inflation based on CPI-IW for September 2018 remained unchanged to 5.6 per cent, as in previous month. Inflation based on CPI-AL and CPI-RL stood at 1.9 per cent and 2.0 per cent respectively in September, 2018 (Table 15).

Inflation based on Wholesale Price Index (WPI):

• The WPI inflation increased to 5.3 per cent in October 2018 from 5.1 per cent in September 2018. WPI food inflation (food articles + food products) decreased to (-)0.6 per cent in October 2018 from 0.1 per cent in September 2018, mainly on account of decrease in inflation of vegetables and edible oils. Inflation in fuel & power increased to 18.4 per cent in October 2018, as compared to 16.6 per cent in September 2018.



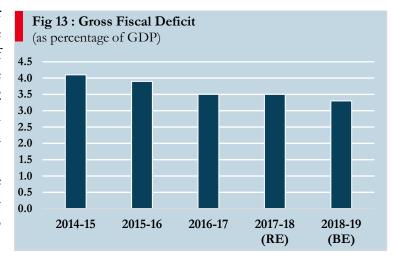
• Inflation for manufactured products increased to 4.5 per cent in October 2018 from 4.2 per cent in September 2018. Inflation for Non-food manufactured products (core) increased to 5.1 per cent in October 2018, as compare to 4.9 per cent in September 2018 (Figure 12).

Global Commodity Prices (based on the World Bank Pink Sheet data)

• Food inflation based on World Bank Food index stood at (-)2.6 per cent in October 2018, as compared to (-)2.9 per cent in September 2018. Energy prices as measured by the World Bank energy index decreased to 36.7 per cent (YoY) and 'metals & minerals' stood at (-)4.8 per cent in October 2018 (Table 16).

7. PUBLIC FINANCE

- As per the Provisional Actuals for 2017-18, the fiscal deficit of the Central Government as percentage of GDP is 3.5 per cent, as against the corresponding budget estimate of 3.2 per cent. The fiscal deficit is budgeted to decline to 3.3 per cent of GDP in 2018-19 (Figure 13).
- The Budget estimate for revenue deficit as percentage of GDP for 2018-19 is 2.2 per cent, as compared to 2.6 percent in 2017-18 (RE).



- The growth in some fiscal parameters (provisional figures) for April-September 2018 are as follows
 - o Gross tax revenue was ₹ 905799 crore recorded a growth of 8.6 per cent over corresponding period of the previous year.
 - o Revenue Receipts (net to Centre) increased by 11 per cent in to ₹ 691752 crore.
 - o Tax revenue (net to Centre) grew by 7.5 per cent to ₹ 582783 crore.
 - o Non-tax revenue of ₹ 108968 crore, increased by 34.8 per cent.
 - o Revenue expenditure grew by 13.8 per cent.
 - o Capital expenditure grew by 11.1 per cent.
 - o Total expenditure increased by 13.5 per cent, amounting to ₹ 1304215 crore.

8. SOME MAJOR ECONOMIC DECISIONS IN OCTOBER 2018

- The Union Cabinet has approved the redevelopment of Railway Stations by Indian Railway Stations Development Corporation Limited (IRSDC) as nodal agency and main project development agency, through simplified procedures adapting various business model and for longer lease tenure of upto 99 years. Thus, paving the way for large scale modernisation and ensure world class infrastructure.
- The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA) approved for providing a financial package of ₹ 469.4 crore for the Revival and Mill Development Plan (RMDP) of Nepa Limited, a public sector newsprint company located in Nepanagar, Madhya Pradesh.
- The CCEA approved to increase the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for all Rabi crops for 2018-19 to be marketed in 2019-20 season to boost farmers' income. The Commission for Agricultural Costs and Prices (CACP) has recommended MSPs for all kharif crops broadly in line with the announced principle.

- The Asian Development Bank (ADB) and the Government of India signed a \$100 Million Loan Agreement to continue to expand sewerage and drainage coverage, provide sewage treatment and strengthen capacity of Kolkata Municipal Corporation (KMC) for resilient urban services.
- The Government of India and ADB signed a \$150 million LoanAgreement to establish a Global Skills Park (GSP) in Madhya Pradesh, the First Multi-Skills Park in India, to enhance the quality of Technical and Vocational Education And Training (TVET) System in the State and create a more skilled workforce.
- The Union Cabinet has approved for the closure of National Jute Manufactures Corporation Ltd.
 and its subsidiary Birds Jute & Exports Ltd. It will help in closing loss making companies and
 ensuring release of valuable assets for productive use, or for generating financial resources for
 developmental progress.
- The Union Cabinet approved for the payment of Productivity Linked Bonus (PLB) equivalent to 78 days' wages for the financial year 2017-18 for all eligible non-gazetted Railway employees (excluding RPF/RPSF personnel).
- The Union Cabinet approved for the merger of the existing regulatory institutions in the skills space
 National Council for Vocational Training and the National Skill Development Agency into the National Council for Vocational Education and Training (NCVET).
- The Union Cabinet approved for the etting up of Indian Institute of Skills(IISs) at different locations across the country in Public Private Partnership, which will be explored for promotion of IIS at select locations based on demand and available infrastructure.
- The CCEA has given its approval for creation of special Fisheries and Aquaculture Infrastructure
 Development Fund (FIDF). It would provide concessional finance to State Governments / UTs
 and State entities, cooperatives, individuals and entrepreneurs etc., for taking up of the identified
 investment activities of fisheries development.

TABLES

Table 1: Growth of GVA at Basic Prices by Economic Activity and GDP at Market Prices (per cent) Sectors Growth rate at constant Share in GVA at current prices (2011-12) prices (per cent) (per cent) 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2nd RE 1st RE 2nd RE 1st RE \mathbf{PE} \mathbf{PE} Agriculture, forestry & fishing 6.3 3.4 17.1 0.6 17.7 17.9 Industry 9.8 6.8 5.5 29.8 29.3 29.1 Mining & quarrying 13.8 13.0 2.9 2.4 2.5 2.4 Manufacturing 12.8 7.9 5.7 16.8 16.8 16.7 Electricity, gas, water supply & other 4.7 9.2 7.2 2.7 2.6 2.6 utility services Construction 5.7 7.9 7.4 7.4 3.7 1.3 9.6 7.9 52.5 52.8 Services 7.5 53.9 10.3 Trade, hotel, transport storage 7.2 8.0 18.3 18.2 18.5 Financial, real estate & prof. services 10.9 6.0 6.6 20.9 20.6 20.8 Public administration, defence and 6.1 10.7 10.0 13.2 13.9 14.5 other services GVA at basic prices 100.0 100.0 8.1 7.1 6.5 100.0 GDP at market prices 7.1 8.2 6.7

Source: Central Statistics Office (CSO).

Notes: 2nd RE: Second Revised Estimates, 1st RE: First Revised Estimates, PE: Provisional Estimates...

Sectors	2016-17			2017-18			2018-19		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1
Agriculture, forestry & fishing	4.3	5.5	7.5	7.1	3.0	2.6	3.1	4.5	5.3
Industry	8.3	6.8	7.1	5.0	0.1	6.1	7.1	8.8	10.3
Mining & quarrying	10.5	9.1	12.1	18.8	1.7	6.9	1.4	2.7	0.1
Manufacturing	9.9	7.7	8.1	6.1	-1.8	7.1	8.5	9.1	13.5
Electricity, gas, water supply & other utility services	12.4	7.1	9.5	8.1	7.1	7.7	6.1	7.7	7.3
Construction	3.0	3.8	2.8	-3.9	1.8	3.1	6.6	11.5	8.7
Services	9.4	7.9	6.5	6.3	9.5	6.8	7.7	7.7	7.3
Trade, hotel, transport, communication and services related to broadcasting	8.9	7.2	7.5	5.5	8.4	8.5	8.5	6.8	6.7
Financial, real estate & professional services	10.5	8.3	2.8	1.0	8.4	6.1	6.9	5.0	6.5
Public administration, defence and other services	7.7	8.0	10.6	16.4	13.5	6.1	7.7	13.3	9.9
GVA at basic price	8.3	7.2	6.9	6.0	5.6	6.1	6.6	7.6	8.0
GDP at market prices	8.1	7.6	6.8	6.1	5.6	6.3	7.0	7.7	8.2

Т	Table 3: Production of Major Agricultural Crops (1st Adv. Est.)								
Crops Production (Million Tonnes)									
	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19*		
					(Final)	(4 th AE)	(1st AE)		
Total Food-grains	257.1	265.0	252.0	251.6	275.1	284.8	141.6		
Rice	105.2	106.7	105.5	104.4	109.7	112.9	99.2		
Wheat	93.5	95.9	86.5	92.3	98.5	99.7			
Total Coarse Cereals	40.0	43.3	42.9	38.5	43.8	47.0	33.1		
Total Pulses	18.3	19.3	17.2	16.4	23.1	25.2	9.2		
Total Oilseeds	30.9	32.8	27.5	25.3	31.3	31.3	22.2		
Sugarcane	341.2	352.1	362.3	348.4	306.1	376.9	383.9		
Cotton#	34.2	35.9	34.8	30.0	32.6	34.9	32.5		

Source: DES, DAC&FW, M/o Agriculture & Farmers Welfare.

Note: 4th AE: 4th Advance Estimates, 1st AE: 1st Advance Estimates, * Kharif crops only; # Million bales of 170 kgs. each.

	Table 4: Procurement of Crops (Million Tonnes)								
Crops	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19		
Rice#	34.0	31.8	32.0	34.2	38.1	38.2	10.1*		
Wheat@	38.2	25.1	28.0	28.1	23.0	30.8	35.8 ^{\$}		
Total	72.2	56.9	60.2	62.3	61.1	69.0	45.9		

Source: FCI and DFPD, M/o Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution.

Notes: * - Procurement of rice as on 31.10.2018. \$ - Procurement of wheat as on 05.10.2018.

- Kharif Marketing Season (October-September), @ - Rabi Marketing Season (April-March).

	Table 5: Offtake of Food-grains (Million Tonnes)								
Crops	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19*			
Rice	29.2	30.7	31.8	32.8	35.0	19.8			
Wheat	30.6	25.2	31.8	29.1	25.3	14.8			
Total (Rice & Wheat)	59.8	55.9	63.6	61.9	60.3	34.6			

Source: DFPD, M/o Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution.

Note: * - upto September 2018.

Table 6: Stocks of Food-grains (Million Tonnes)						
Crops November 1, 2017 November 1, 2						
1. Rice	14.0	16.3				
2. Unmilled Paddy#	19.7	16.6				
3. Converted Unmilled Paddy in terms of Rice	13.2	11.1				
4. Wheat	23.9	33.1				
Total (Rice & Wheat)(1+3+4)	51.1	60.5				

Source: FCI.

Notes: # Since September, 2013, FCI gives separate figures for rice and unmilled paddy lying with FCI & state agencies in terms of rice.

Table 7 : Percentag	Table 7: Percentage Change in Index of Industrial Production (Base 2011-12)								
	2016-17	2017-18	2017-18 April- September	2018-19 April- September	September 2017	September 2018*			
General	4.6	4.4	2.6	5.1	4.1	4.5			
Sectoral									
Mining	5.3	2.3	3.9	3.3	7.6	0.2			
Manufacturing	4.4	4.6	2.0	5.3	3.8	4.6			
Electricity	5.8	5.4	5.7	6.2	3.4	8.2			
Use-based									
Primary goods	4.9	3.7	3.7	4.8	6.6	2.6			
Capital goods	3.2	4.0	0.3	7.3	8.7	5.8			
Intermediate goods	3.3	2.3	0.3	1.2	2.1	1.4			
Infrastructure/ construction goods	3.9	5.6	2.1	8.7	0.5	9.5			
Consumer durables	2.9	0.8	-1.0	8.1	-4.1	5.2			
Consumer non-durables	7.9	10.6	7.5	4.0	10.5	6.1			

Source: CSO.
Note: * - Figures for September 2018 are as per Quick Estimates.

Table 8 : Pa	roduction grov	vth (per cent)	in Core Infrastru	acture-Supportiv	ve Industries	
Industry	2016-17	2017-18	2017-18 (AprSept.)	2018-19 (AprSept.)	September 2017	September 2018
Coal	3.2	2.6	1.4	9.6	10.4	6.4
Crude oil	-2.5	-0.9	-0.2	-3.4	0.1	-4.2
Natural Gas	-1	2.9	5.0	-0.8	6.3	-1.8
Refinery Products	4.9	4.6	2.1	6.6	8.1	2.5
Fertilizers	0.2	0	-2.1	1.8	-7.7	2.5
Steel	10.7	5.6	5.6	3.5	3.7	3.2
Cement	-1.2	6.3	-1.4	14.4	0.1	11.8
Electricity	5.8	5.3	5.7	6.2	3.4	8.2
Overall growth	4.8	4.3	3.2	5.5	4.7	4.3
Source: Office of the Economic	Adviser, DIPP (M	inistry of Commerc	e & Industry).			

Item	Outstandi	ng as on	YoY Growth		
	201	8	2017	2018	
	Mar. 31	Oct. 26	(in per cent)	(in per cent)	
M3	1,39,625.9	1,44,262.4	6.1	10.0	
Sources					
Net Bank Credit to Government	40,014.0	42,930.4	8.1	6.5	
Bank Credit to Commercial Sector	92,137.2	96,234.7	6.4	13.8	
Net Foreign Exchange Assets of Banking Sector	29,223.0	29,949.7	3.3	10.0	
Government's Currency Liabilities to the Public	256.5	257.0	8.6	0.6	
Banking Sector's Net Non-Monetary Liabilities	22,004.8	25,109.4	7.7	18.6	

	Table 10: Exports and Imports (US\$ billion)								
Item	2017-18	Octo	ber	Growth	April-O	ctober	Growth		
		2017	2018 (P)	(%)	2017	2018 (P)	(%)		
Exports	303.5	22.9	27.0	17.9	168.6	191.0	13.3		
Imports	465.6	37.5	44.1	17.6	259.9	302.5	16.4		
Oil Imports	108.7	9.3	14.2	52.6	55.8	83.9	50.5		
Non-Oil Imports	356.9	28.2	29.9	6.1	204.1	218.5	7.1		
Trade Deficit	-162.1	-14.6	-17.1	-	-91.3	-111.5	-		

Source: Ministry of Commerce and Industry. **Note:** P - Provisional

Table 11 : Balance of P	ayments: (US\$ 1	billion)		
Items	2016-17	2017-18	2017-18 (Apr-Jun)	2018-19 (Apr-Jun)
Merchandise Exports	280.1	309.0	73.1	83.4
Merchandise Imports	392.6	469.0	115.1	129.1
Trade Balance	-112.4	-160.0	-41.9	-45.7
Net Invisibles	97.1	111.3	27.0	29.9
Current Account Balance	-15.3	-48.7	-15.0	-15.8
Commercial Borrowings (MT & LT)	-6.1	-0.2	-0.3	-0.7
Foreign Investment (Net)	43.2	52.4	19.6	1.6
Foreign Direct Investment (Net)	35.6	30.3	7.1	9.7
Foreign Portfolio Investment (Net)	7.6	22.1	12.5	-8.1
Capital Account Balance (including error & omission)	36.8	92.3	26.4	4.5
Change in Reserves (Increase - / Decrease +)	-21.6	-43.6	-11.4	11.3
Trade balance/GDP (%)	-4.9	-6.1	-6.9	-6.9
Net Invisible Balance/GDP (%)	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.5
Current Account Balance/GDP (%)	-0.7	-1.9	-2.5	-2.4
Source: Reserve Bank of India.	1			

Table 12: Foreign Exchange Reserves (in Billion)									
End of Financial Year	Foreign E	xchange Reserves	Variati	on					
	(Rupees)	(US Dollar)	(Rupees)	(US Dollar)					
At the end of year			(Variation over	r last year)					
2015-16	23787	360.2	2411	18.6					
2016-17	23982	370.0	195	9.8					
2017-18	27609	424.5	3627	54.6					
At the end of month			(Variation over	last month)					
April 2017	23968	373.3	-14	3.4					
May 2017	24529	380.1	561	6.8					
June 2017	25019	386.5	489	6.4					
July 2017	25221	393.7	202	7.1					
August 2017	25463	397.8	243	4.2					
September 2017	26149	400.2	686	2.4					
October 2017	25854	399.2	-295	-1.0					
November 2017	25894	401.9	40	2.7					
December 2017	26148	409.1	254	7.1					
January 2018	26897	422.4	749	13.3					
February 2018	27400	421.0	503	-1.4					
March 2018	27609	424.5	209	3.5					
2018-19									
April 2018	28073	420.5	464	-4.0					
May 2018	27805	412.4	-268	-8.1					
June 2018	27811	405.7	6	-6.7					
July 2018	27682	403.7	-129	-2.1					
August 2018	28359	400.1	678	-3.6					
September 2018	29038	400.5	679	0.4					
October 2018*	28734	392.1	-305	-8.4					
Source: Reserve Bank of India., *	As on 26th October 201	18							

	Table 15 : Kupees	s per unit of foreign currence	y ·	
Financial Year	US dollar	Pound sterling	Euro	Japanese yen
2015-16	65.4647	98.5730	72.2907	0.5459
2016-17	67.0731	87.6952	73.6141	0.6204
2017-18	64.4551	85.5128	75.4379	0.5816
		Monthly		
April 2017	64.5071	81.5426	69.1656	0.5857
May 2017	64.4248	83.2101	71.2258	0.5745
June 2017	64.4430	82.5126	72.4139	0.5814
July 2017	64.4559	83.7544	74.2036	0.5734
August 2017	63.9684	83.0433	75.5956	0.5822
September 2017	64.4409	85.7254	76.7891	0.5822
October 2017	65.0813	85.9151	76.4800	0.5764
November 2017	64.8626	85.7741	76.1211	0.5749
December 2017	64.2423	86.1115	75.9975	0.5688
January 2018	63.6369	87.6509	77.4493	0.5726
February 2018	64.3738	90.0763	79.5625	0.5963
March 2018	65.0213	90.8382	80.2499	0.6134
2018-19				
April 2018	65.6363	92.5691	80.6612	0.6102
May 2018	67.5394	90.9732	79.8248	0.6155
June 2018	67.7931	90.0672	79.1619	0.6161
July 2018	68.6934	90.4956	80.2993	0.6166
August 2018	69.5465	89.6929	80.4388	62.5900
September 2018	72.2153	94.1888	84.2155	64.5000
October 2018	73.6323	95.8700	84.6103	65.2724

Source: Reserve Bank of India.

Notes: *: FEDAI Indicative Market Rates (on monthly average basis).

	October 2017	During the Financial year 2017-2018	October 2018	During th Financial year 2018 201
	External Assistan	ce (Government Acco	unt)	
1) Gross Disbursement	2,312.4	21,184.1	2,886.0	21,185.
2) Repayments	1,001.6	14,351.5	1,247.8	16,452.
3) Interest Payments	378.9	3,059.4	462.3	4,142.
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	1,310.8	6,832.5	1,638.2	4,732.
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	931.9	3,773.1	1,175.9	590.
]	External Assistance	(Non-Government Ac	count)	
1) Gross Disbursement	17.5	1,132.4	89.4	2,791.
2) Repayments	35.7	2,076.5	0.0	2,142.
3) Interest Payments	0.8	435.0	0.0	390.
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	-18.2	-944.1	89.4	648.
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	-19.0	-1,379.1	89.4	258.
	G	Sovt Grants		
1) Gross Disbursement	27.7	959.8	196.4	363.
2) Repayments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
3) Interest Payments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	27.7	959.8	196.4	363.
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	27.7	959.8	196.4	363.
		Govt Grants		
1) Gross Disbursement	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
2) Repayments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
3) Interest Payments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
		Grand Total		
1) Gross Disbursements	2,357.6	23,276.2	3,171.8	24,339.
2) Repayments	1,037.4	16,428.1	1,247.8	18,594
3) Interest Payments	379.7	3,494.4	462.3	4,532
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	1,320.2	6,848.2	1,924.0	5,745
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	940.5	3,353.8	1,461.7	1,212

Table 15: Year-on-Year inflation based on WPI and CPI's (per cent)						
	WPI	CPI-IW	CPI-AL	CPI-RL	CPI-C	
Base:	2011-12	2001	1986-87	1986-87	2012	
2014-15	1.2	6.3	6.6	6.9	5.9	
2014-13	-3.7	5.6	4.4	4.6	4.9	
2015-10	1.7	4.1	4.4	4.2	4.5	
2010-17	2.9	3.1	2.2	2.3	3.6	
2017-16	2.9	5.1	2.2	2.3	3.0	
2017-18			Monthly In	l flation		
Apr-17	3.9	2.2	2.6	2.6	3.0	
May-17	2.3	1.1	1.4	1.4	2.2	
Jun-17	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.5	
Jul-17	1.9	1.8	0.8	1.0	2.4	
Aug-17	3.2	2.5	2.1	2.2	3.3	
Sep-17	3.1	2.9	2.3	2.5	3.3	
Oct-17	3.7	3.2	2.9	3.0	3.6	
Nov-17	4.0	4.0	3.1	3.1	4.9	
Dec-17	3.6	4.0	2.7	2.8	5.2	
Jan-18	3.0	5.1	2.9	2.9	5.1	
Feb-18	2.7	4.7	2.3	2.5	4.4	
Mar-18	2.5	4.4	2.4	2.5	4.3	
2018-19						
Apr-18	3.2	4.0	2.1	2.3	4.6	
May-18	4.4	4.0	2.2	2.4	4.9	
Jun-18	5.8	3.9	1.9	2.0	4.9	
Jul-18	5.1	5.6	2.0	2.3	4.2	
Aug-18	4.5	5.6	1.5	1.7	3.7	
Sept-18	5.1	5.6	1.9	2.0	3.7	
Oct-18	5.3				3.3	

Source: Office of Economic Adviser- DIPP, Labour Bureau and Central Statistics Office. **Note:** WPI inflation for last two months and CPI-C inflation for last one month are provisional.

	Oct-2017	Aug-2018	Sept-2018	Oct-2018
Energy	10.1	38.4	38.9	36.7
Non-energy	6.1	-0.5	-3.6	-2.7
Agriculture	-2.5	0.3	-3.4	-2.4
Beverages	-13.1	-9.9	-10.7	-6.8
Food	-1.0	2.1	-2.9	-2.6
Raw Materials	-0.1	0.8	-0.9	0.5
Fertilizers	7.1	19.5	17.0	12.8
Metals & Minerals	30.0	-4.2	-6.3	-4.8
Precious Metals	0.1	-7.4	-10.5	-6.5

	2018-19 (BE)	April-September		Growth Rate (per cent)	
		2017-18	2018-19	April- September 2017-18	April- September 2018-19
1. Revenue Receipts	1725738	623207	691752	9.9	11.0
Gross tax revenue	2271242	833840	905799	19.9	8.6
Tax (net to Centre)	1480649	542358	582783	21.0	7.5
Non Tax	245089	80849	108968	-31.9	34.8
2. Capital Receipts (of which)	716475	525980	612463	14.1	
Recovery of loans	12199	7284	7786	7.1	6.9
Other Receipts	80000	19758	9945	228.5	-49.7
Borrowings and other liabilities	624276	498938	594732	11.4	19.2
3. Total Receipts (1+2)	2442213	1149187	1304215	11.8	13.5
Interest payments	575795	225766	255432	5.9	13.1
Major Subsidies	264336	196043	188290	37.4	-4.0
Pensions	168466	84091	100631	41.0	19.7
4. Total Expenditure	2442213	1149187	1304215	11.8	13.5
(a) Revenue Expenditure	2141772	1002798	1141586	12.3	13.8
(b) (Of which) Grants for creation of Capital Assets	195345	106592	119217	5.8	11.8
(c) Capital Expenditure	300441	146389	162629	8.5	11.1
5. Revenue Deficit	416034	379591	449834	16.5	18.5
6. Effective Revenue Deficit	220689	272999	330617	21.3	21.1
7. Fiscal Deficit	624276	498938	594732	11.4	19.2
8. Primary Deficit	48481	273172	339300	16.4	24.2

Source: Union Budget 2018-19; Controller General of Accounts, Ministry of Finance **Notes:** BE: Budget estimate