Ministry of Finance Department of Economic Affairs Economic Division 4(3)/Ec. Dn./2012

MONTHLY ECONOMIC REPORT

AUGUST 2012

HIGHLIGHTS

- The overall growth of GDP at factor cost at constant prices, as per Revised Estimates, is estimated at 6.5 per cent in 2011-12 as compared to the growth of 8.4 per cent during 2010-11. The growth in real GDP is placed at 5.5 per cent in the first quarter of 2012-13.
- The cumulative rainfall received for the country as a whole, during the period 1st June 12
 September 2012, has been 8% below normal.
- Food grains (rice and wheat) stocks held by FCI and State agencies were 80.52 million tonnes as on July 1, 2012.
- Overall growth in the Index of Industrial Production (IIP) was 0.1 per cent during July 2012 as compared to 3.7 per cent in July 2011. During April-July 2012-13, IIP growth was (-) 0.1 per cent as compared to 6.1 per cent in April-July 2011-12.
- Eight core Infrastructure industries registered a growth of 1.8 per cent in July 2012 as compared to growth of 8.2 per cent in July 2011. During April-July 2012-13, these sectors grew by 3.2 per cent as compared to 6.0 per cent during April-July 2011-12.
- Broad money (M₃) (up to August 24, 2012) increased by 5.9 per cent as compared to 5.4 per cent during the corresponding period of the last year. The year-on-year growth, as on August 24, 2012 was 13.7 per cent as compared to 17.1 per cent last year.
- Exports, in US dollar terms decreased by 14.8 per cent and imports decreased by 7.6 per cent, during July 2012 over July 2011.
- Foreign Currency Assets stood at US\$ 258.4 billion in end August 2012 as compared to US\$ 286.3 billion in end August 2011.
- Rupee depreciated against US dollar, Pound sterling, Japanese yen and Euro in the month of August 2012 over July 2012.
- The WPI inflation for all commodities for the month of August 2012 was 7.55 per cent as compared to 6.87 per cent in the last month.
- Gross tax revenue at Rs. 230,370 crore during April-July 2012, registered a growth of 21 per cent as compared to the corresponding period in the previous year.
- Tax revenue (net to Centre) at Rs.142,789 crore during April- July 2012 registered a growth of 25.2 per cent.
- As a proportion of budget estimate, fiscal deficit during April—July 2012 was 51.5 per cent and revenue deficit was 61.3 per cent.

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ECONOMIC GROWTH

As per the latest estimates of the Central Statistics Office (CSO), the growth in real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is placed at 5.5 per cent in the first quarter of 2012-13 with agriculture, industry and services registering growth rates of 2.9 per cent, 3.6 per cent and 6.9 per cent respectively. As per the Revised Estimates (RE), the growth in GDP at factor cost at constant (2004-05) prices was estimated at 6.5 per cent in 2011-12 as compared to 8.4 per cent in 2010-11 (Quick Estimate). At disaggregated level, this (RE 2011-12) comprises growth of 2.8 per cent in agriculture and allied activities, 3.4 per cent in industry and 8.9 per cent in services as compared to a growth of 7.0 per cent, 7.2 per cent and 9.3 per cent respectively during 2010-11.

	Table 1: Growth of GDP at factor cost by economic activity (at 2004-05 prices)									
	Industry	Growth				Percentage share in GDP				
		2009-10	2010-11 ^{QE}	2011-12 ^{RE}		2009-10	2010-11 ^{QE}	2011-12 ^{RE}		
1	Agriculture, forestry &									
	fishing	1.0	7.0	2.8		14.7	14.5	14.0		
2	Industry	8.4	7.2	3.4		28.1	27.8	27.0		
a	Mining & quarrying	6.3	5.0	-0.9		2.3	2.2	2.1		
b	Manufacturing	9.7	7.6	2.5		16.0	15.8	15.3		
С	Electricity, gas & water									
	supply	6.3	3.0	7.9		2.0	1.9	1.9		
d	Construction	7.0	8.0	5.3		7.9	7.9	7.8		
3	Services	10.5	9.3	8.9		57.2	57.7	59.0		
a	Trade, hotels, transport & communication	10.3	11.1	9.9		26.6	27.2	28.1		
b	Financing , insurance, real estate & business services	9.4	10.4	9.6		17.1	17.4	17.9		
С	Community, social & personal services	12.0	4.5	5.8		13.5	13.1	13.0		
4	GDP at factor cost	8.4	8.4	6.5		100	100	100		
QE	: Quick Estimates; RE: Revised	Estimates								

	2010-11			2011-12			2012-13		
Industry	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1
1. Agriculture, forestry & fishing	3.1	4.9	11.0	7.5	3.7	3.1	2.8	1.7	2.9
Industry	8.3	5.7	7.6	7.0	5.6	3.7	2.5	1.9	3.6
2. Mining & quarrying	6.9	7.3	6.1	0.6	-0.2	-5.4	-2.8	4.3	0.1
3. Manufacturing	9.1	6.1	7.8	7.3	7.3	2.9	0.6	-0.3	0.2
4. Electricity, gas & water supply	2.9	0.3	3.8	5.1	8.0	9.8	9.0	4.9	6.3
5. Construction	8.4	6.0	8.7	8.9	3.5	6.3	6.6	4.8	10.9
Services	10.0	9.1	7.7	10.6	10.2	8.8	8.9	7.9	6.9
6. Trade, hotels, transport & communication	12.6	10.6	9.7	11.6	13.8	9.5	10.0	7.0	4.0
7. Financing, insurance, real estate & bus. Services	10.0	10.4	11.2	10.0	9.4	9.9	9.1	10.0	10.8
8. Community, social & personal services	4.4	4.5	-0.8	9.5	3.2	6.1	6.4	7.1	7.9
9. GDP at factor cost (total 1 to 8)	8.5	7.6	8.2	9.2	8.0	6.7	6.1	5.3	5.5

AGRICULTURE

Rainfall: With respect to rainfall situation in India, the year is categorized into four seasons: winter season (January-February); pre monsoon (March-May); south west monsoon (June-September) and post monsoon (October-December). South west monsoon accounts for more than 75 per cent of annual rainfall. The actual rainfall received during the south west monsoon season 2012, as on 12.09.2012 has been 732 mm as against the normal at 795.0 mm.

All India production of food grains : As per the 4th advance estimates released by Ministry of Agriculture on 17.7.2012, production of food grains during 2011-12 is estimated at 257.44 million tonnes compared to 244.78 million tonnes in 2010-11.

Procurement: Procurement of rice as on 2nd July, 2012 (Kharif Marketing Season 2011-12) at 34.28 million tonnes represents an increase of 11.44 per cent compared to the corresponding date last year. Wheat procurement during Rabi Marketing Season 2012-13 is 37.85 million tonnes as compared to 27.85 million tonnes during the corresponding period last year.

Table 3: Procurement in Million Tonnes										
2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13										
Rice(Oct-Sept)	32.03	34.20	34.57*	n.a.						
Wheat(Apr-Mar)	25.38	22.51	28.34	38.11*						
Total	57.41	56.71	62.91	38.11						
* Position as on 25.7.12										

Off-take: Off-take of rice during the month of June, 2012 was 26.27 lakh tonnes. This comprises 21.90 lakh tonnes under TPDS and 4.37 lakh tonnes under other schemes. In respect of wheat, the total off take was 22.96 lakh tonnes comprising of 20.11 lakh tonnes under TPDS and 2.85 lakh tonnes under other schemes.

Stocks: Stocks of food-grains (rice and wheat) held by FCI as on July 1, 2012 were 80.52 million tonnes, which is higher by 25.8 per cent over the level of 64.01 million tonnes as on July 1, 2011.

Tab	Table 4: Off-take and stocks of food grains (Million Tonnes)										
		Off-take	Sto	cks							
	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13(P)	July, 2011 July, 2012							
Rice	29.93	32.12	7.50	26.86	30.71						
Wheat	23.07	24.26	5.95	37.15	49.81						
Total	53.00	56.38	56.38 13.45 64.01 80.52								

P = Provisional figures up to June, 2012.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Table 5: Percentage Change in Index of Industrial Production									
Industry Group	April-July 2011-12	April-July 2012-13	July 2011	July 2012					
General									
index	6.1	-0.1	3.7	0.1					
Mining	0.6	-0.9	0.7	-0.7					
Manufacturing	6.5	-0.6	3.1	-0.2					
Electricity	9.4	5.5	13.1	2.8					
Basic goods	8.1	3.0	10.0	1.5					
Capital goods	8.2	-16.8	-13.7	-5.0					
Intermediate									
goods	1.3	0.3	-0.1	-1.1					
Consumer									
goods	4.9	3.3	6.4	0.7					
Durables	4.3	6.3	9.0	1.4					
Non-durables	5.5	0.7	4.1	0.1					

During July 2012, the IIP growth was 0.1 per cent as compared to 3.7 per cent growth during the corresponding period of previous year. In electricity sector, the growth rate in July 2012 was 2.8 per cent and in mining and manufacturing the growth was sectors, negative. Under use-based category, the growth rate in basic goods was 1.5 per cent and consumer goods 0.7 per cent (in consumer durables

1.4 per cent and in consumer non-durables 0.1 per cent) during July 2012. The capital goods and intermediate goods sectors have registered negative growth during July 2012.

	Table 6: Production growth (per cent) in core										
infrastructure-supportive industries											
	April-July April-July July 2011 July 2012										
Industry	2011-12	2012-13									
Coal	0.8	5.3	2.5	2.1							
Crude oil	7.3	-0.6	1.4	-0.7							
Natural Gas	-9.7	-11.7	-8.2	-13.5							
Refinery											
Products	4.8	3.3	3.7	3.6							
Fertilizers	0.4	-9.5	-1.6	-2.2							
Steel	10.4	3.8	16.5	4.5							
Cement	3.1	8.5	13.0	3.8							
Electricity	9.4	5.5	13.0	2.2							
Overall growth	6.0	3.2	8.2	1.8							

Eight core industries:

The index for eight core industries (comprising crude oil, petroleum refinery products, coal, electricity, cement, steel, natural gas and fertilizers) with weight of 37.9 per cent in the IIP grew by 3.2 per cent during April-2012-13, July compared to growth rate of 6.0 per cent

achieved during the corresponding period in 2011-12. During the month of July 2012, the overall growth of the core sector industries was 1.8 per cent as compared to the growth of 8.2 per cent during July 2011. During July 2012, the growth in steel was 4.5 per cent followed by cement 3.8 per cent, refinery products 3.6 per cent, electricity 2.2 per cent and coal 2.1 per cent. The crude oil, natural gas and fertilizers sectors have registered negative growth during July 2012.

MONEY AND BANKING

The Reserve Bank of India Mid –Second Quarter Review of Monetary Policy for 2012-13 on September 17, 2012. The highlights of the announcements made by RBI are:

- Reduced the cash reserve ratio (CRR) of scheduled banks by 25 basis points from 4.75 per cent to 4.50 per cent of their net demand and time liabilities (NDTL) effective the fortnight beginning September 22, 2012. Consequently, around `170 billion of primary liquidity will be injected into the banking system; and
- Kept the policy repo rate under the liquidity adjustment facility (LAF) unchanged at 8.0 per cent. Consequently, the reverse repo rate under the LAF will remain unchanged at 7.0 per cent, and the marginal standing facility (MSF) rate and the Bank Rate at 9.0 per cent.

• Broad money (M₃) (up to August 24, 2012) increased by 5.9 per cent as compared to 5.4 per cent during the corresponding period of the last year. The year-on-year growth, as on August 24, 2012 was 13.7 per cent as compared to 17.1 per cent last year.

Table 7 : Money Stock: Components and Sources									
					(₹	Billion)			
Item	Outstand	ing as on		Variation ov					
	20	12	Financial \		Year-o	n-Year			
			2011-2012	2012-2013	2011	2012			
	Mar. 31	Aug. 24							
M_3	73,592.0	77,900.4	5.4	5.9	17.1	13.7			
Components (i+ii+iii+iv)									
(i) Currency with the Public	10,265.0	10,670.3	3.4	3.9	14.6	13.1			
(ii) Demand Deposits with Banks	7,049.1	6,839.0	- 11.6	-3.0	-5.7	7.0			
(iii) Time Deposits with Banks	56,249.7	60,359.4	8.3	7.3	21.1	14.6			
(iv) 'Other' Deposits with Reserve Bank	28.2	31.7	-24.3	12.4	-30.5	14.7			
Sources (i+ii+iii+iv-v)									
(i) Net Bank Credit to Government (a+b)	23,695.5	25,948.2	9.0	9.5	22.3	20.0			
(a) Reserve Bank	5,357.4	5,399.3							
(b) Other Banks	18,338.1	20,548.9	13.0	12.1	14.9	14.5			
(ii) Bank Credit to Commercial Sector (a+b)	49,594.3	50,715.0	3.0	2.3	20.5	16.2			
(a) Reserve Bank	39.6	44.5	-	1	_	_			
(b) Other Banks	49,554.7	50,670.5	3.0	2.3	20.5	16.1			
(iii) Net Foreign Exchange Assets of Banking Sector *	15,437.8	16,475.5	5.7	6.7	10.3	11.9			
(iv) Government's Currency Liabilities to the Public	142.7	145.4	4.6	1.9	12.0	9.2			
(v) Banking Sector's Net Non-Monetary Liabilities	15,278.3	15,383.6	3.3	0.7	31.5	32.7			
of which:									
Net Non-Monetary Liabilities of RBI	6,038.4	6,903.6	21.4	14.3	31.8	54.4			
* Includes investments in foreign currency denominate	ed bonds issu	ed by IIFC(L	JK) since Marc	h 20, 2009.					
Note: Government balances as on March 31, 2012 are a	fter closure o	of accounts.							

Source: RBI

Reserve money (M₀) during the financial year 2012-13 (up to August 31, 2012) showed increase of 2.0 per cent as compared to decrease of 3.5 per cent in the corresponding period of the previous year. The year-on-year variation revealed an increase of 5.7 per cent as on August 31, 2012, compared to 17.2 per cent on the corresponding date of the previous year.

An important source of reserve money, namely, net foreign exchange assets (NFA) of the RBI showed increase of 7.7 per cent (during the financial year) as on August 31, 2012 as compared to increase of 8.3 per cent in the same period last year. The y-o-y growth rate of NFA, showed increase of 10.2 per cent as compared to increase of 10.6 per cent on the corresponding date of the last year.

Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCBs): business in India

During the current financial year i.e. 2012-13 (up to August 31, 2012), Bank credit showed increase by 3.3 per cent as compared to increase of 2.7 per cent during the corresponding period of last year. The y-o-y growth variation revealed an increase of 17.7 per cent as compared to 20.8 per cent on the corresponding date of the previous year.

The Non-Food credit during this period increased by 3.0 per cent (August 31, 2012 over March 23, 2012) compared to increase of 2.5 per cent in the previous year. The yo-y growth variation revealed an increase of 17.4 per cent as compared to 20.3 per cent on the corresponding date of the previous year.

The aggregate deposits with Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCBs) recorded an increase of 7.4 per cent (as on August 31, 2012) as compared to increase of 5.8 per cent during the corresponding period of last year. The y-o-y growth variation revealed an increase of 15.1 per cent as compared to 18.0 per cent on the corresponding date of the previous year.

Table 8: Scheduled Commercial Banks - Business in India									
				Percentage Variation					
			Financia	l year so					
	2012	2-13	fa	ır	Year-on	-year			
	Outstand	ing as on							
Items	(Rs. in	crore)	2011-12	2012-13	2011	2012			
	March 23,	August 31,							
	2012	2012							
Bank Credit	4611850	4762600	2.7	3.3	20.8	17.7			
Non-Food credit	4530550	4664530	2.5	3.0	20.3	17.4			
Aggregate deposits	5903659	6340420	5.8	7.4	18.0	15.1			
Investments in Government.									
And other approved									
securities	1736638	1953000	13.2	12.5	15.2	14.9			

Source: RBI

Table 9 : Policy Rates/Interest Rates									
(per cent per annum)									
Item/Week Ended	2011	2012							
	September 2	August 31							
Cash Reserve Ratio (per cent)(1)	6.00	4.75							
Bank Rate	6.00	9.00							
Repo Rate	8.00	8.00							
Reverse Repo Rate	7.00	7.00							
Prime Lending Rate ⁽²⁾	10.00 / 10.75	10.00/10.50							
Deposit Rate ⁽³⁾	8.50 / 9.50	8.50 / 9.25							
Call Money Rate (Low /									
High) ⁽⁴⁾									
- Borrowings	8.01	7.97							
- Lendings	8.01	7.97							

⁽¹⁾ Cash Reserve Ratio relates to Scheduled Commercial Banks (excluding Regional Rural Banks). (2) Prime Lending Rate relates to five major Banks. (3) Deposit Rate relates to major Banks for term deposits of more than one year maturity. (4) Data cover 90-95 per cent of total transactions reported by participants.

Interest rates (per cent per annum) As on August 31, 2012, Bank Rate was 9.00 per cent. Call money rates (borrowing & lending) were 7.97 per cent as compared with 8.01 per cent on the approximately corresponding date of last year.

EXTERNAL SECTOR

Foreign trade: Exports, in US dollar terms during July 2012 decreased by 14.8 per cent and imports decreased by 7.6 per cent over July 2011. Oil imports decreased by 5.5 per cent and non-oil imports decreased by 8.6 per cent during July 2012 over July 2011.

Table 10: Exports and imports (in US dollar million)											
	2010-11	2011-12	J	uly							
Item	(Apr-Mar)	(Apr-Mar)	2011	2012	% Change in July 2012						
Exports	251136	304624	26340.7	22443.0	-14.8						
Imports	369769	489181	41059.7	37936.2	-7.6						
Oil imports	105964	154906	12943.0	12229.1	-5.5						
Non-Oil imports	263805	334276	28116.7	25707.1	-8.6						
Trade balance -118633 -184558 -14719.0 -15493.2											
Source: Provisional data	Source: Provisional data as per the Press Note of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.										

Foreign Currency Assets

Table 11: Foreign Currency Assets									
	An	nount	V	ariation					
	₹ crore	US \$million	₹ crore	US\$ million					
At the end of			(over last	year)					
March, 2008	1196023	299230	359426	107306					
March, 2009	1231340	241676	35317	-57554					
March, 2010	1150778	254935	-80562	13259					
March, 2011	1225999	274580	75221	19645					
March, 2012	1333954	260742	107955	-13838					
2012-13			(o ⁻	ver last month)					
April 2012	1373463	261512	39509	770					
May 2012	1432560	253910	59097	-7602					
June 2012	1449281	257376	16721	3466					
July 2012	1436343	257363	-12938	-13					
August 2012	1439861	258410	3518	1047					
Source: RBI.									

Exchange rate: The rupee depreciated by 0.1 per cent against US Dollar, 0.9 per cent against Pound Sterling, 0.6 per cent against Japanese Yen and 0.9 per cent against Euro in the month of August 2012 over July 2012.

Table 12 : Rupee per unit of foreign currency*									
	US dollar	ollar Pound Sterling Japanese Yen		Euro					
March, 2009	51.2287	72.9041	0.5251	66.9207					
March, 2010	45.4965	68.4360	0.5018	61.7653					
March 2011	44.9684	72.7070	0.5498	62.9660					
March, 2012	50.3213	79.6549	0.6103	66.4807					
2012-13									
April 2012	51.8121	82.9120	0.6379	68.1872					
May 2012**	54.4736	86.7323	0.6833	69.6991					
June 2012	56.0302	87.1349	0.7067	70.3087					
July 2012	55.4948	86.5173	0.7028	68.2520					
August 2012	55.5594	87.3444	0.7068	68.8750					

^{*} FEDAI Indicative Market Rates (on Monthly average basis).

^{**} Data from May, 2012 onwards are based on RBI's reference rate.

External assistance and debt service payments: Gross external aid in April-August 2012 is ₹ 8290.5 crore as compared to ₹ 9087.8 crore during the corresponding period of the previous year. Net disbursement stood at ₹ 613.73 crore in April-August 2012 as compared to ₹ 3129.6 crore in April-August 2011 while net transfers were (-) ₹1142.2 crore in April-August 2012 as compared to ₹1702.5 crore in April-August 2011.

Tal	Table 13; External Assistance and Debt Service Payments								
				(Rs. In Crores)					
	AUGUST 2012	During the Financial year 2012-2013 up to August, 2012	AUGUST 2011	During the Financial year 2011-2012 up to August, 2011					
	External Assist	ance (Government A	ccount)	1145400, 2011					
1) Gross Disbursement	1,755.80	6,119.32	1,506.39	7,159.15					
2) Repayments	1,169.73	6,800.24	891.50	5,219.70					
3) Interest Payments	315.94	1,577.60	260.72	1,249.91					
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	586.07	-680.92	614.89	1,939.45					
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	270.13	-2,258.52	354.17	689.54					
	External Assistan	ce (Non-Government	Account)						
1) Gross Disbursement	187.58	1,864.64	141.08	1,308.40					
2) Repayments	92.45	876.57	37.50	738.51					
3) Interest Payments	38.04	178.34	26.63	177.23					
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	95.13	988.07	103.58	569.89					
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	57.09	809.73	76.95	392.66					
	Go	vernment Grants							
1) Gross Disbursement	0.52	134.70	225.02	570.54					
2) Repayments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					
3) Interest Payments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	0.52	134.70	225.02	570.54					
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	0.52	134.70	225.02	570.54					
	Non (Government Grants							
1) Gross Disbursement	0.04	171.88	22.94	49.78					
2) Repayments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					
3) Interest Payments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	0.04	171.88	22.94	49.78					
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	0.04	171.88	22.94	49.78					
Grand Total									
1) Gross Disbursements	1,943.94	8,290.54	1,895.43	9,087.87					
2) Repayments	1,262.18	7,676.81	929.00	5,958.21					
3) Interest Payments	353.98	1,755.94	287.35	1,427.14					
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	681.76	613.73	966.43	3,129.66					
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	327.78	-1,142.21	679.08	1,702.52					

INFLATION

Wholesale Price Index (WPI 2004-05=100): The WPI inflation for the month of August 2012 is reported at 7.55 per cent, as against 6.87 per cent in last month and 9.78 per cent in the corresponding month last year. The inflation has gone up mainly on account of revision in electricity tariff, higher inflation in cereals, pulses, oilseeds, and sugar. Inflation has moderated for vegetables, milk, fish, poultry and chicken in the current month. As a result, inflation in Primary Articles (Wt 20.12 %) has marginally declined to 10.08 per cent from 10.39 per cent in the last month. However, due to higher inflation in wheat, rice, bajra, barley, pulses (gram, arhar, masur), eggs sugar, food grain product and edible oil, the food inflation (primary food + manufactured food) (Wt. 24.31 %) has gone up to 9.09 per cent from 8.72 per cent in the last month. The average WPI inflation rate for last 12 months (Sep 2011 to Aug 2012) was 8.02 per cent as compared to 9.37 per cent during corresponding period in 2011-12. The build-up of inflation since March to Aug 2012 stood at 3.48 per cent as against 3.61 per cent in the corresponding period last year. WPI inflation rates for major subgroups are indicated in Table 14 below.

Table 14: Current Price Situation based on Monthly WPI in August 2012(Base: 2004-05=100)								
Major groups	Weight	Cumulative change (%)		Inflation (%)		Inflation (%)		
	(%)	Since March				(Average of 12 months)		
		2012-13 2011-12		2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	
ALL COMMODITIES	100.00	3.48	3.61	7.55	9.78	8.02	9.37	
PRIMARY ARTICLES	20.12	5.63	5.95	10.08	12.46	8.81	14.92	
Food articles	14.34	7.26	8.21	9.14	9.62	7.98	11.36	
FUEL AND POWER	14.91	1.80	6.03	8.32	12.91	12.74	11.95	
MANUFACTURED PDT.	64.97	3.02	2.06	6.14	7.87	6.40	6.46	

Inflation based on Consumer Price Indices (CPIs): The all India CPI inflation (combined) has again touched double digit and stood at 10.03 per cent for August 2012 as against 9.86 per cent in July 2012. The inflation remains elevated for cereals, pulses, oils & fats, egg, meat and fish and sugar in the current month. Inflation based on CPI-IW has moderated to 9.84 per cent in July 2012 from 10.05 per cent in June 2012. Food inflation stood at 11.27 per cent, 7.35 per cent and 7.50 per cent for CPI-IW, CPI-AL and CPI-RL respectively in July 2012.

Table 15: Year-on-Year inflation based on WPI and CPIs (per cent)								
	WPI	CPI-IW	CPI-AL	CPI-RL	CPI(NS)			
Base :->	2004-05	2001	1986-87	1986-87	2010			
Aug-11	9.78	8.99	9.52	9.71	NA			
Sep-11	10.00	10.06	9.43	9.25	NA			
Oct-11	9.87	9.39	9.36	9.73	NA			
Nov-11	9.46	9.34	8.95	9.14	NA			
Dec-11	7.74	6.49	6.37	6.72	NA			
Jan-12	7.23	5.32	4.92	5.27	7.65			
Feb-12	7.56	7.57	6.34	6.68	8.83			
Mar-12	7.69	8.65	6.84	7.19	9.38			
Apr-12	7.50	10.22	7.84	8.01	10.26			
May-12	7.55	10.16	7.77	8.11	10.36			
Jun-12	7.58	10.05	8.03	8.54	9.93			
Jul-12	6.87	9.84	8.61	8.94	9.86			
Aug-12	7.55	-	-	-	10.03			

Note: WPI inflation for July and Aug 2012, CPI (New Series) inflation for Aug 2012 is provisional. NA: Not Available- Release of Inflation of CPI (NS) began from January 2012.

Table 16: World Commodity Price Data

		A	Monthly averages				
Commodity	Unit	Jan-Dec	Jan-Dec	Jan-August	Jun	July	August
		2010	2011	2012	2012	2012	2012
Coal, Australia	\$/mt	99.0	120.9	98.68	85.6	84.4	87.21
Crude oil, average	\$/bbl	79.0	104.0	106.01	90.7	96.7	105.27
Natural gas, US	\$/mmbtu	4.4	4.0	2.50	2.5	2.9	2.84
Cocoa	¢/kg	313.3	298.0	234.1	226.4	235.0	251.2
Coffee, Robusta	¢/kg	173.6	240.8	228.8	233.0	236.0	234.8
Tea, auctions	¢/kg	288.5	292.1	281.5	297.2	302.6	307.4
Coconut oil	\$/mt	1124	1730	1,229	1058	1070	1,000
Groundnut oil	\$/mt	1404	1985	n.a	2520	2468	2,55 3
Palm oil	\$/mt	901	1125	1,074	999	1015	995
Palm kernel oil	\$/mt	1184	1648	1,237	1093	1067	1,007
Soybean meal	\$/mt	378	398	485	504	585	643
Soybean oil	\$/mt	1005	1299	1,245	1180	1239	1,249
Soybeans	\$/mt	450	541	577	567	662	683
Maize	\$/mt	185.9	291.7	288.6	267.3	333.1	332.0
Rice, Thailand, 5%	\$/mt	488.9	543.0	564.4	600.0	573.5	565.3
Wheat, US, HRW	\$/mt	223.6	316.3	292.3	276.2	345.7	349.4
Bananas, US	\$/mt	868	968	1,001	954	965	951
Oranges	\$/mt	1033	891	854	953	1015	970
Fishmeal	\$/mt	1688	1537	1,648	1581	1658	1,696
Meat, chicken	¢/kg	189.2	192.6	205.5	208.3	208.8	209.5
Meat, beef	¢/kg	335.1	404.2	414.5	404.5	398.8	404.1
Sugar, world	¢/kg	46.9	57.3	49.49	45.1	50.4	46.03
Plywood	¢/sheets	569.1	607.5	610.7	608.1	608.1	608.1
Cotton A Index	¢/kg	228.3	332.9	204.0	181.2	185.1	186.2
Rubber, TSR20	¢/kg	338.1	451.9	330.7	286.3	289.3	259.5
DAP	\$/mt	500.7	618.9	538.4	564.4	563.1	559.0
Urea	\$/mt	288.6	421.0	416.4	420.0	384.5	374.9
Copper	\$/mt	7535	8828	7,965	7423	7584	7,516
Lead	¢/kg	214.8	240.1	199.9	185.4	188.1	190.1
Tin	¢/kg	2041	2605	2,099	1927	1855	1,877
Nickel	\$/mt	21809	22910	17,791	16549	16128	15,735
Zinc	¢/kg	216.1	219.4	194.2	185.9	184.8	181.8
Gold	\$/toz	1225	1569	1,642	1599	1590	1,630
Silver	¢/toz	2015	3522	3,027	2798	2744	2,877
Iron ore	\$/dmt	145.9	167.8	135.0	134.7	127.9	107.5

Source: World Bank - The Pink Sheet

Public Finance

As a proportion of budget estimate, fiscal deficit during April–July 2012 was 51.5 per cent and revenue deficit was 61.3 per cent.

Table: 17 Trends in Central Government Finances during 2012-13 (April-July)

	Budget Estimates	April -July		Col.3 as	Col.4 as per cent of	Per cent change over	
	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12 BE		2011-12	2012-13 (4/3)
		(₹	Crore)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7))	(8)
1. Revenue Receipts	935,685	137,155	168,826	17.4	18.0	-42.5	23.1
Gross tax revenue	1,077,612	190,463	230,370	20.4	21.4	9.8	21.0
Tax (net to Centre)	771,071	114,078	142,789	17.2	18.5	1.1	25.2
Non Tax	164,614	23,077	26,037	18.4	15.8	-81.6	12.8
2. Capital Receipts of which	555,241	238,010	268,465	50.9	48.4	152.7	12.8
Recovery of loans	11,650	8,112	2,703	54.0	23.2	285.7	-66.7
Other Receipts	30,000	1,145	1,330	2.9	4.4	-1.1	16.2
Borrowings and other	513,590	228,753	264,432	55.4	51.5	151.6	15.6
liabilities 3. Total Receipts (1+2)	1,490,925	375,165	437,291	29.8	29.3	12.8	16.6
4.Non-Plan Expenditure (a)+(b)	969,900	263,497	323,295	32.3	33.3	18.2	22.7
(a) Revenue Account	865,596	234,595	290,354	32.0	33.5	20.8	23.8
of which:							
Interest payments	319,759	67,541	80,615	25.2	25.2	15.7	19.4
Major Subsidies	179,554	47,440	96,914	35.3	54.0	13.2	104.3
Pensions	63,183	19,907	18,715	36.5	29.6	29.2	-6.0
(b) Capital Account	104,304	28,902	32,941	35.0	31.6	0.5	14.0
5.Plan Expenditure (i)+(ii)	521,025	111,668	113,996	25.3	21.9	1.7	2.1
(i) Revenue Account	420,513	97,480	93,190	26.8	22.2	3.2	-4.4
(ii) Capital Account	100,512	14,188	20,806	18.2	20.7	-7.5	46.6
6.Total Expenditure (4)+(5)=(a)+(b)	1,490,925	375,165	437,291	29.8	29.3	12.8	16.6
(a)Revenue Expenditure	1,286,109	332,075	383,544	30.3	29.8	15.1	15.5
(b) Of which Grants for creation of Capital Assets	164,672	30,539	30,145	20.8	18.3	179.8	-1.3
(c)Capital Expenditure	204,816	43,090	53,747	26.8	26.2	-2.3	24.7
7. Revenue Deficit	350,424	194,920	214,718	63.4	61.3	289.3	10.2
8.Effective Revenue Deficit(7-6(b))	185,752	164,381	184,573	102.5	99.4	319.8	12.3
9. Fiscal Deficit	513,590	228,753	264,432	55.4	51.5	151.6	15.6
10. Primary Deficit	193,831	161,212	183,817	111.3	94.8	395.4	14.0
	1						

Source: Review of Union Government Accounts, July 2012. * Gross Tax Revenue is prior to devolution to the States.