Ministry of Finance Department of Economic Affairs Economic Division 4(5)/Ec. Dn./2010

MONTHLY ECONOMIC REPORT MAY 2011

HIGHLIGHTS

- The overall growth of GDP at factor cost at constant prices, as per Revised Estimates, was 8.5 per cent in 2010-11 representing an increase from the revised growth of 8.0 per cent during 2009-10.
- The cumulative rainfall received for the country as a whole, during the pre monsoon season, 2011 (March 1 to May 31), was 13 per cent below the normal.
- Food grains (rice and wheat) stocks held by FCI and State agencies were 45.88 million tonnes as on March 1, 2011.
- Overall growth in the Index of Industrial Production (IIP) was 6.3 per cent during April 2011 as compared to 13.1 per cent in April 2010 as per the first monthly index released under the new series of IIP with base 2004-05. During 2010-11, IIP growth was 8.2 per cent as compared to 5.3 per cent during 2009-10.
- Six core industries grew by 5.2 per cent in April 2011 as compared to the growth of 7.5 per cent in April 2010. During 2010-11, these sectors grew by 5.8 per cent as compared to 5.5 per cent during 2009-10.
- Broad money (M₃) (up to May 20, 2011) increased by 2.5 per cent as compared to 1.7 per cent during the corresponding period of the last year. The year-on-year growth, as on May 20, 2011 was 16.8 per cent as compared to 15.1 per cent last year.
- Exports, in US dollar terms increased by 34.4 per cent and imports increased by 14.1 per cent, during April 2011.
- Foreign Currency Assets stood at US\$ 279.8 billion at end May 2011 compared to US\$ 248.2 billion at end May 2010.
- Rupee depreciated against US dollar, Pound Sterling, Japanese Yen and Euro in the month of May 2011 over April 2011.
- Year-on-year inflation in terms of Wholesale Price Index was 9.06 per cent for the month of May 2011 as compared to 10.48 per cent in the corresponding month last year.
- Tax revenue (net to Centre) during April- March, 2010-11 recorded a growth of 25.5 per cent compared with corresponding period of 2009-10. Non-tax revenue grew by 90.5 per cent in April- March 2010-11 on account of one-off nature of receipts of proceeds from Spectrum auction.
- As a proportion of the GDP, fiscal deficit during April-March 2010-11 was 4.7 per cent and revenue deficit was 3.1 per cent.

(J.K. Rathee)
Assistant Adviser

ECONOMIC GROWTH

As per the Revised Estimates (RE) of Central Statistics Office (CSO), the growth in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at factor cost at constant (2004-05) prices was estimated at 8.5 per cent in 2010-11 as compared to 8.0 per cent in 2009-10 (Quick Estimate). At disaggregated level, this (RE 2010-11) comprises growth of 6.6 per cent in agriculture and allied activities, 7.9 per cent in industry and 9.4 per cent in services as compared to a growth of 0.4 per cent, 8.0 per cent and 10.1 per cent respectively during 2009-10. Real GDP grew by 7.8 per cent in the 4th quarter of 2010-11 following a growth of 9.3, 8.9 and 8.3 per cent in the first three quarters of 2010-11.

	Table 1: Growth of GDP at factor cost by economic activity (at 2004-05 prices)									
Industry Growth						Percentage share in GDP				
		2008-	2009-10	2010-11		2008-	2009-10	2010-11		
		09	(QE)	(RE)		09	(QE)	(RE)		
1	Agriculture, forestry &									
	fishing	-0.1	0.4	6.6		15.7	14.6	14.4		
2	Industry	4.4	8.0	7.9		28.1	28.1	27.9		
a	Mining & quarrying	1.3	6.9	5.8		2.3	2.3	2.3		
b	Manufacturing	4.2	8.8	8.3		15.8	15.9	15.8		
С	Electricity, gas & water supply	4.9	6.4	5.7		2.0	2.0	1.9		
d	Construction	5.4	7.0	8.1		8.0	7.9	7.9		
3	Services	10.1	10.1	9.4		56.2	57.3	57.7		
a	Trade, hotels, transport & communication	7.6	9.7	10.3		26.1	26.6	27.0		
b	Financing , insurance, real estate & business services	12.5	9.2	9.9		17.0	17.2	17.4		
С	Community, social & personal services	12.7	11.8	7.0		13.1	13.6	13.4		
4	GDP at factor cost	6.8	8.0	8.5		100.0	100.0	100.0		
(Q	E): Quick Estimates; (RE): Re	evised Esti	imates							

Table 2: Quarterly Estimate of GDP (Year-on-year in per cent)								
		2009	9-10			2010-11		
Items	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
1. Agriculture, forestry & fishing	1.8	1.2	-1.6	1.1	2.4	5.4	9.9	7.5
Industry	3.7	5.9	9.5	12.4	10.2	8.4	7.1	6.1
2. Mining & quarrying	6.9	6.6	5.2	8.9	7.1	8.2	6.9	1.7
3. Manufacturing	2.0	6.1	11.4	15.2	12.7	10.0	6.0	5.5
4. Electricity, gas & water supply	6.2	7.5	4.5	7.3	5.6	2.8	6.4	7.8
5. Construction	5.4	5.1	8.3	9.2	7.7	6.7	9.7	8.2
Services	9.0	11.7	9.4	10.2	10.7	9.9	8.4	8.7
6. Trade, hotels, transport & communication	5.4	8.2	10.8	13.7	12.6	10.9	8.6	9.3
7. Financing, insurance, real estate & bus.	11.5	10.9	8.5	6.3	9.8	10.0	10.8	9.0
8. Community, social & personal services	13.0	19.4	7.6	8.3	8.2	7.9	5.1	7.0
9. GDP at factor cost (total 1 to 8)	6.3	8.6	7.3	9.4	9.3	8.9	8.3	7.8

AGRICULTURE

Rainfall: With respect to rainfall situation in India, the year is categorized into four seasons: winter season (January-February); pre monsoon (March-May); south west monsoon (June-September) and post monsoon (October-December). South west monsoon accounts for more than 75 per cent of annual rainfall.

In 2010-11, during the south west-monsoon period (June 1 to September 30), the cumulative rainfall received for the country as a whole was 912.8 mm, which was 2 per cent above the normal. During this period, out of 36 meteorological sub-divisions in the country, 31 received excess/normal rainfall and 5 received deficient rainfall. The Indian metrological Department (IMD) has issued its first stage long-range forecast for the 2011 south west monsoon rainfall (June-September) on 19.04.2011. IMD forecast is that the rainfall for the country as a whole is most likely to be NORMAL. Quantitatively, monsoon season rainfall is likely to be 98 per cent of the long period average (LPA) with model errors of plus or minus 5 per cent. The long period average rainfall for the country as a whole for the period 1951-2000 is 89 cm.

The cumulative rainfall received for the country as a whole, during the pre monsoon season (March 1 to May 31), was 13 per cent below the normal. The cumulative rainfall received for the country as a whole during the period June 1, 2011 to June 8, 2011 was 17 per cent above normal.

All India production of food grains: According to the Third Advance Estimates released on 6th April, 2011, the production of food grains is estimated at 235.88 million tonnes during 2010-11 compared to 218.11 million tonnes (final estimates) in 2009-10.

	Table 3: Procurement in Million Tonnes						
	2007-	2008-	2009-	2010-11			
	08	09	10				
Rice(Oct-Sept)	28.74	34.10	32.03	25.69*			
Wheat(Apr- Mar)	11.13	22.69	25.38	22.51			
Total	39.87	56.79	57.41	48.20			
* Position as on	18.04.201	1					

corresponding period last year.

Procurement: Procurement of rice as on March 1, 2011 (Kharif Marketing Season 2010-11) at 22.74 million tonnes represents a decline of (-) 1.3 per cent compared to the corresponding date last year. Wheat procurement during Rabi Marketing Season 2010-11 was 22.51 million tonnes as compared to 25.38 million tonnes during the

Off-take: Off-take of rice during the month of February, 2011 was 26.80 lakh tonnes. This comprises 19.86 lakh tonnes under TPDS and 6.94 lakh tonnes under other schemes. In respect of wheat, the total offtake was 22.17 lakh tonnes comprising 15.31 lakh tonnes under TPDS and 6.86 lakh tonnes under other schemes

Stocks of food-grains (rice and wheat) held by FCI as on March 1, 2011 were 45.88 million tonnes, which is higher by 1.19 per cent over the level of 45.34 million tonnes as on March 1, 2010.

	Table 4: Off-take and stocks of food-grains (Million Tonnes)											
		Off-take		Stocks								
	2007-08 2008-09 2009-10				March 1, 2011							
Rice	25.23	24.62	27.37	26.95	28.72							
Wheat	12.20	14.88	22.35	18.39	17.16							
Total	37.43	39.50	49.72	45.34	45.88							

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Table 5: Pero	Table 5: Percentage change in Index of Industrial Production									
Industry Group	2009-10	2009- 10(Apr Mar.)	2010- 11(Apr Mar.)	April 2010	April 2011					
General index	5.3	5.3	8.2	13.1	6.3					
Mining	7.9	7.9	5.2	9.2	2.2					
Manufacturing	4.9	4.9	8.9	14.4	6.9					
Electricity	6.1	6.1	5.5	6.5	6.4					
	Use	-based indust	rial groups							
Basic goods	4.7	4.7	6.0	6.7	7.3					
Capital goods	1.0	1.0	15.0	35.5	14.5					
Intermediate										
goods	6.0	6.0	7.2	11.9	3.4					
Consumer										
goods	7.7	7.7	8.3	13.8	2.9					
Durables	17.0	17.0	14.0	23.3	3.8					
Non-durables	1.4	1.4	3.9	6.8	2.1					

During April 2011, the IIP growth was 6.3 per cent as compared to 13.1 per cent growth during the

corresponding period of previous year. In mining, manufacturing and electricity sectors, the growth rates in April 2011 were 2.2 per cent, 6.9 per cent and 6.4 per

cent respectively. The growth rates have decreased in mining, manufacturing and electricity sectors during April 2011 as compared to April 2010. In the use-based industrial groups, the growth rates have decreased significantly in capital goods, intermediate goods—and consumer goods in general including consumer durables and consumer non-durables in April 2011 as compared to April 2010. In basic goods sector only the growth rate has increased to 7.3 per cent in April 2011 as compared to 6.7 per cent in April 2010.

Table 6: Production growth (per cent) in core infrastructure-									
supportive industries									
	April	April	2009-10	2010-11					
	2010	2011	(April-	(April-					
Industry			March)	March)					
Coal	-2.9	2.9	8.1	-0.3					
Electricity	6.9	6.8	6.2	5.5					
generation ¹									
Crude oil	5.1	11.0	0.5	11.9					
Petroleum	5.3	6.6	-0.4	3.0					
products									
Finished	12.9	4.3	5.4	8.2					
steel									
Cement	8.8	-1.1	10.5	4.5					
Overall	7.5	5.2	5.5	5.8					
growth		1 (1)	(1 : 1						

⁽¹): This will not necessarily match the growth in electricity given in the Index of Industrial Production

Six core industries: The index core industries for six crude (comprising petroleum refinery products, coal, electricity, cement and finished carbon steel) with a weight of 26.68 per cent in the IIP grew by 5.8 per cent during April-March 2010-11, as compared to growth rate per cent achieved of 5.5 during the corresponding period in 2009-10. During the month of April 2011, the overall growth of the core sector industries was 5.2 per cent as compared to the

growth of 7.5 per cent during April, 2010. During April 2011, the growth in crude oil sector was 11.0 per cent followed by electricity 6.8 per cent, petroleum refinery 6.6 per cent, finished steel 4.3 per cent and coal 2.9 per cent. The cement sector registered negative growth during April 2011.

MONEY AND BANKING

Broad money (M₃) (up to May 20, 2011) increased by 2.5 per cent as compared to 1.7 per cent during the corresponding period of the last year. The year-on-year growth, as on May 20, 2011 was 16.8 per cent as compared to 15.1 per cent last year.

Tabl	e 7. Money St	ock : Compon	ents and Sou	rces			
		•				(₹ crore)	
	Outstand	ing as on	Variation over (%)				
Item	20	11	Financial Y	ear so far	Year-or	n-Year	
nem	2011		2010-11	2011-12	2010	2011	
	Mar. 31	May 20					
M_3	64,91,756	66,55,037	1.7	2.5	15.1	16.8	
Components (i+ii+iii+iv)							
(i) Currency with the Public	9,14,170	9,61,238	7.5	5.1	18.7	16.5	
(ii) Demand Deposits with Banks	7,13,735	6,35,135	-10.2	-11.0	14.0	-1.5	
(iii) Time Deposits with Banks	48,60,111	50,55,667	2.7	4.0	14.6	19.7	
(iv) "Other" Deposits with							
Reserve Bank	3,740	2,997	-0.5	-19.9	-19.1	-21.5	
Sources (i+ii+iii+iv-v)							
(i) Net Bank Credit to	19,72,422	20,41,459	3.8	3.5	26.7	17.9	
Government (a+b)							
(a) Reserve Bank	3,95,436	3,80,487					
(b) Other Banks	15,76,986	16,60,972	4.2	5.3	16.1	9.3	
(ii) Bank Credit to Commercial	42,10,535	42,26,763	-0.2	0.4	17.2	21.3	
Sector (a+b)							
(a) Reserve Bank	2,164	1,595	_	_	_	_	
(b) Other Banks	42,08,371	42,25,167	-0.2	0.4	17.7	21.3	
(iii) Net Foreign Exchange Assets	13,75,762	13,99,364	1.5	1.7		7.6	
of Banking Sector*					_		
(iv) Government's Currency							
Liabilities to the Public	12,586	12,586	2.1	_	12.7	9.4	
(v) Banking Sector's Net Non-	10,79,549	10,25,135	-2.2	-5.0	19.2	23.3	
Monetary Liabilities							
of which:							
Net Non-Monetary Liabilities of							
RBI	3,67,128	3,87,827	5.0	5.6	-10.3	22.4	
* Includes investments in foreign cu					1arch 20, 20	009.	
Note: Government Balances as on M	1arch 31, 2011	are before clos	sure of accoun	nts.			

Reserve money (M₀) during the financial year 2011-12 (up to June 3, 2011) showed deterioration of 1.5 per cent as compared to nil improvement in the corresponding period of the previous year. The year-on-year variation revealed an increase of 17.3 per cent as on June 3, 2011, compared to 20.6 per cent on the corresponding date of the previous year.

An important source of reserve money, namely, net foreign exchange assets (NFA) of the RBI increased by 3.2 per cent (during the financial year) as on June 3, 2011 as compared to increase of 0.4 per cent in the same period last year. The y-o-y growth rate of NFA, was 10.8 per cent as compared to improvement of 1.0 per cent on the corresponding date of the last year.

Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCBs): business in India

During the current financial year i.e. 2011-12 (upto May 27, 2011), Bank credit showed improvement of 0.2 per cent as compared to improvement of 0.1 per cent during the corresponding period of last year. The Non-Food credit during this period recorded increase of 0.1 per cent as compared to increase of 0.04 per cent during the corresponding period of last year.

The aggregate deposits with SCBs recorded an increase of 2.2 per cent (as on May 27, 2011) as against an increase of 1.8 per cent in the corresponding period of last year.

Table 8: Scheduled Commercial Banks - Business in India											
			Pero	centage Va	riation						
	201	1-12	Financial year	r so far	Year-on	ı-year					
	Outstand	ling as on									
Items	(Rs. ir	(Rs. in crore)		2011-12	2010	2011					
	March 25	May 27									
Bank Credit	3938659	3950383	0.1	0.2	18.2	21.7					
Non-Food credit	3874376	3879774	0.04	0.1	19.2	21.5					
Aggregate deposits	5204703	5321641	1.8	2.2	15.2	16.4					
Investments in											
Government. And other											
approved securities	1500039	1589550	4.0	5.9	13.9	10.4					

Table 9: Policy Rates/Interest Rates (per cent per annum)								
Item/Week Ended	2010	2011						
	May 28	May 27						
Cash Reserve Ratio (per cent)(1)	6.00	6.00						
Bank Rate	6.00	6.00						
Repo Rate	5.25	7.25						
Reverse Repo Rate	3.75	6.25						
Prime Lending Rate ⁽²⁾	11.00-12.00	9.25-10.00						
Deposit Rate ⁽³⁾	6.00-7.50	7.75-9.10						
Call Money Rate (Low / High) ⁽⁴⁾								
- Borrowings	3.98	7.40						
- Lendings	3.98	7.40						

⁽¹⁾ Cash Reserve Ratio relates to Scheduled Commercial Banks (excluding Regional Rural Banks). (2) Prime Lending Rate relates to five major Banks. (3) Deposit Rate relates to major Banks for term deposits of more than one year maturity. (4) Data cover 90-95 per cent of total transactions reported by participants.

Interest rates (per cent per annum): As on May 27, 2011, Bank Rate was 6.00 per cent. Call money rates (borrowing & lending) were 7.40 per cent as compared with 3.98 per cent on the corresponding date of last year.

EXTERNAL SECTOR

Foreign trade: Exports, in US dollar terms and customs basis, during April 2011 increased by 34.4 per cent and imports increased by 14.1 per cent over April 2010. Oil imports increased by 7.7 per cent and non-oil imports increased by 17.3 per cent during April 2011 over April 2010.

Table 10: Exports and imports (in US dollar million)										
Item	2009-10 (AprMar)	2010-11 (AprMar)	April -10	April - 11	% Change in April 2011					
Exports	178751	245868	17742	23849	34.4					
Imports	288373	350695	28770	32834	14.1					
Oil imports	87136	101689	9454	10186	7.7					
Non-Oil	201237	249006	19316	22648	17.3					
Trade balance	-109621	-104827	-11028	-8985	-					
Source: Provisional data as per the Press Note of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry										

Foreign Currency Assets

10101811 Cultivity 1188008									
Table 11: Foreign Currency Assets									
Ar	nount	Variation							
₹ crore	US\$ million	₹ crore	US\$ million						
		(ove	r last year)						
836597	191924	189270	46816						
1196023	299230	359426	107306						
1231340	241676	35317	-57554						
1150778	254935	-80562	13259						
1225999	274580	75221	19645						
		(over	last month)						
1252790	282287	26791	7707						
1259881	279787	7091	-2500						
	836597 1196023 1231340 1150778 1225999	Amount ₹ crore US\$ million 836597 191924 1196023 299230 1231340 241676 1150778 254935 1225999 274580 1252790 282287	Amount V ₹ crore US\$ million ₹ crore 836597 191924 189270 1196023 299230 359426 1231340 241676 35317 1150778 254935 -80562 1225999 274580 75221 Cover 1252790 282287 26791						

Exchange rate: The rupee depreciated by 1.2 per cent against US dollar, 0.9 per cent against Pound Sterling, 3.6 per cent against Japanese Yen and 0.4 per cent against Euro in the month of May 2011 over April 2011.

Table 12: Rupees per unit of foreign currency*									
	US	Pound	Japanese	Euro					
	dollar	Sterling	Yen						
March, 2008	40.3561	80.8054	0.4009	62.6272					
March, 2009	51.2287	72.9041	0.5251	66.9207					
March, 2010	45.4965	68.4360	0.5018	61.7653					
March 2011	44.9684	72.7070	0.5498	62.9660					
2011-12									
April 2011	44.3700	72.7237	0.5331	64.2505					
May 2011	44.9045	73.4103	0.5532	64.4833					
* FEDAI Indicative Man	* FEDAI Indicative Market Rates (on Yearly/Monthly average basis)								

External assistance and debt service payments: Gross external aid in April-May 2011-12 is ₹ 3149.71 crore as compared to ₹ 11950.99 crore corresponding period of 2010-11. Net disbursement was ₹ 1986.04 crore in 2011-12 compared to ₹ 10876.68 crore in 2010-11. Net transfers were ₹ 1614.06 crore in 2011-12 compared to ₹ 10495.00 crore in 2010-11.

Table 13: External Assistance and Debt Service Payments									
				(₹ crore)					
	May 2011	During the Financial year 2011-12	May 2010	During the Financial year 2010-11					
Ex	ternal Assista	nce (Government Aco	count)						
1) Gross Disbursement	1,870.33	2,932.72	1,266.77	11,550.98					
2) Repayments	732.82	1,094.54	708.64	1,006.66					
3) Interest Payments	146.87	354.31	138.65	337.39					
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	1,137.51	1,838.18	558.13	10,544.32					
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	990.64	1,483.87	419.48	10,206.93					
Exter	nal Assistance	e (Non-Government A	Account)						
1) Gross Disbursement	34.62	158.91	258.61	271.37					
2) Repayments	68.91	69.13	67.42	67.65					
3) Interest Payments	16.09	17.67	37.14	44.29					
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	-34.29	89.78	191.19	203.72					
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	-50.38	72.11	154.05	159.43					
	Gov	ernment Grants							
1) Gross Disbursement	45.61	50.41	28.72	99.94					
2) Repayments	0	0	0	0					
3) Interest Payments	0	0	0	0					
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	45.61	50.41	28.72	99.94					
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	45.61	50.41	28.72	99.94					
	Non-G	overnment Grants							
1) Gross Disbursement	7.67	7.67	0	28.7					
2) Repayments	0	0	0	0					
3) Interest Payments	0	0	0	0					
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	7.67	7.67	0	28.7					
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	7.67	7.67	0	28.7					
Grand Total									
1) Gross Disbursements	1,958.23	3,149.71	1,554.10	11,950.99					
2) Repayments	801.73	1,163.67	776.06	1,074.31					
3) Interest Payments	162.96	371.98	175.79	381.68					
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	1,156.50	1,986.04	778.04	10,876.68					
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	993.54	1,614.06	602.25	10,495.00					

INFLATION

Wholesale Price Index (WPI 2004-05=100): The revised WPI inflation for March 2011 is 9.68 per cent in place of 9.04 per cent reported earlier. The WPI inflation for all commodities for the month of May 2011 has increased to 9.06 per cent as compared to 8.66 per cent last month. The 40 basis points increase in headline inflation is mainly on account of sharp rise in manufacturing prices. Manufacturing Food products (edible oil, dairy products and sugar) are the major contributor within manufacturing. The inflation in food product was almost zero till February, 2011, thereafter, it has started rising and has shown significant jump in the current month. In addition to that, cotton textile, chemicals and transport equipments have also contributed significantly to manufacturing. The average WPI inflation rate for last 12 months (June 2010 to May 2011) was 9.3 per cent as compared to 5.4 per cent during corresponding period in 2010-11. The build-up of inflation since March to May 2011 stood at 1.47 per cent during current financial year as against 2.05 per cent in the corresponding period last year. Major breakup of WPI inflation rates is indicated in Table 14 below.

Table 14: Current Price Situation based on Monthly WPI in May 2011 (Base: 2004-05=100)										
Major groups	Weight		ve change	Inflation (%)		Inflation (%)				
	(%)	(%) Sinc	e March			(Average of 12 months)				
		2011-12	2010-11	2011-12	2010-11	2011-12	2010-11			
ALL COMMODITIES	100.00	1.47	2.05	9.06	10.48	9.26	5.35			
PRIMARY ARTICLES	20.12	2.07	4.04	11.30	20.45	16.19	15.03			
Food articles	14.34	4.19	5.20	8.37	21.37	16.38	17.05			
FUEL AND POWER	14.91	1.78	1.93	12.32	14.42	12.10	0.83			
MANUFACTURED PDT.	64.97	1.18	1.35	7.27	5.88	5.81	3.06			

Inflation based on Consumer Price Index: Inflation in Consumer Price Index for Industrial Workers (CPI-IW) has increased to 9.41 per cent in April 2011 as compared to 13.33 per cent in the corresponding month last year. CPI-IW food inflation (weight 46.20%) has also declined to 8.24 per cent in April 2011 from 14.47 per cent in the corresponding month last year. CPI-RL food inflation (weight 66.77%) has also declined to 9.11 per cent in April 2011 from its peak of 20.78 per cent in January, 2010.

Table 15: Year-on-Year inflation based on WPI and CPI (per cent)									
	WPI	CPI-IW	CPI-UNME	CPI-AL	CPI-RL				
Base	2004-05	2001	1984-85	1986-87	1986-87				
Apr-10	10.88	13.33	14.41	14.96	14.96				
May-10	10.48	13.91	14.09	13.68	13.68				
June-10	10.25	13.73	14.12	13.02	13.02				
July-10	9.98	11.25	11.54	11.02	11.24				
Aug-10	8.87	9.88	10.30	9.65	9.66				
Sep-10	8.98	9.82	10.39	9.13	9.34				
Oct-10	9.08	9.70	9.64	8.43	8.45				
Nov-10	8.20	8.33	8.40	7.14	6.95				
Dec-10	9.45	9.47	9.44	7.99	8.01				
Jan-11	9.47	9.30		8.67	8.69				
Feb-11	9.54	8.82		8.55	8.55				
Mar-11	9.68	8.82		9.14	8.96				
April-11	8.66	9.41		9.11	9.11				
May-11	9.06								

Table 16: World Commodity Price Data

Table 16: World Commodity Price Data										
	_		Annual averages			Monthly averages				
			Jan-Dec	Jan-Dec	Jan-May	Feb	Mar	May		
Commodity		Unit	2009	2010	2011	2011	2011	2011		
Energy	_									
Coal, Australia	<u>a/</u>	\$/mt	71.84	98.97	125.71	128.36	126.13	119.10		
Crude oil, average	<u>a/</u>	\$/bbl	61.76	79.04	104.71	97.91	108.65	108.07		
Crude oil, Brent	<u>a/</u>	\$/bbl	61.86	79.64	110.44	103.96	114.44	114.46		
Crude oil, Dubai	<u>a/</u>	\$/bbl	61.75	78.06	105.07	100.25	108.58	108.46		
Crude oil, West Texas Int.	<u>a/</u>	\$/bbl	61.65	79.43	98.62	89.53	102.92	101.28		
Natural gas, Europe	<u>a/</u>	\$/mmbtu	8.71	8.29	9.80	9.36	9.37	10.30		
Agriculture Beverages	_									
Coffee, arabica	<u>b/</u>	¢/kg	317.1	432.0	632.7	634.7	643.9	641.70		
Tea, auctions (3) average	<u>b/</u>	¢/kg	272.4	288.5	293.0	288.2	275.8	296.50		
Food	_									
Coconut oil	b/	\$/mt	725	1,124	2,081	2,256	1,925	2097.00		
Copra	_	\$/mt	480	750	1,395	1,503	1,280	1419.00		
Groundnut oil	<u>b/</u>	\$/mt	1,184	1,404	1,706	1,730	1,650	1680.00		
Palm oil	<u>b/</u>	\$/mt	683	901	1,212	1,292	1,180	1159.00		
Palmkernel oil		\$/mt	700	1,184	2,050	2,296	1,977	1958.00		
Soybean meal	<u>b/</u>	\$/mt	408	378	423	442	418	402.00		
Soybean oil	<u>b/</u>	\$/mt	849	1,005	1,331	1,365	1,307	1294.00		
Soybeans	<u>b/</u>	\$/mt	437	450	561	570	553	556.00		
Grains										
Barley	<u>b/</u>	\$/mt	128.3	158.4	202.5	196.5	202.6	209.40		
Maize	<u>b/</u>	\$/mt	165.5	185.9	295.1	292.9	290.5	307.90		
Rice, Thailand, 25%		\$/mt	458.1	441.5	499.8	473.0	455.5	448.40		
Wheat, Canada	_	\$/mt	300.5	312.4	456.8	474.1	432.5	476.00		
Sugar, world	<u>b/</u>	¢/kg	40.00	46.93	58.04	64.97	57.85	48.39		
Raw Materials	_									
Logs, Malaysia	<u>b/</u>	\$/cum	287.2	278.2	341.5	328.6	334.8	385.20		
Plywood	_	¢/sheets	564.6	569.1	593.5	588.7	592.2	605.60		
Cotton A Index	<u>b/</u>	¢/kg	138.2	228.3	442.6	470.0	506.3	364.90		
Rubber RSS3	<u>b/</u>	¢/kg	192.1	365.4	563.3	625.9	541.9	511.60		
Metals and Minerals	_									
Aluminum	<u>b/</u>	\$/mt	1,665	2,173	2,556	2,508	2,556	2596.00		
Copper	<u>b/</u>	\$/mt	5,150	7,535	9,476	9,868	9,503	8960.00		
Gold	_	\$/toz	973	1,225	1,429	1,373	1,424	1513.00		
Iron ore, contract, fob Brazil	<u>b/</u>	¢/dmtu	101.0	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.		
Iron ore, spot, cfr China	_	\$/dmt	80.0	145.9	178.4	187.2	169.4	177.10		
Steel cr coilsheet	<u>c/</u>	\$/mt	783	816	880	850	900	900.00		

Source: World Bank - The Pink Sheet

FISCAL SITUATION

• As a proportion of revenue estimate, fiscal deficit during April- March 2010-11 was 92.0 per cent and revenue deficit was 90.7 per cent. The lower levels reflect

one-off nature of growth in non-tax revenue (from auction of spectrum).

Offe-off flature						Variations	Provisional	% change
						Prov. over	2010-11	2010-11 (P)
Items	2009-10		2010-1	1		RE, 2010-11	as percent	over 2009-10
	Actuals	BE	RE	Provisonal		Absolute	of RE	actual
(1)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. Revenue Receipts (2+3)	572811	682212	7838	333	794277	10444	101.3	38.7
Gross tax revenue	624527	746651	7868	888	795063	8175	101.0	27.3
2.Tax (net to Centre)	456536	534094	5636	585	572790	9105	101.6	25.5
3.Non Tax	116275	148118	2201	148	221487	1339	100.6	90.5
4. Non-Debt Capital Receipts(5+6)	33194	45129	317	745	35599	3854	112.1	7.2
5. Recovery of loans	8613	5129	90	001	12752	3751	141.7	48.1
6. Disinvestment Proceeds	24581	40000	227	744	22847	103	100.5	-7.1
7. Total Non-Debt Receipt (1+4)	606005	727341	8155	578	829876	14298	101.8	36.9
Memo items								
Corporation Tax	244725	301331	2963	377	299422	3045	101.0	22.4
Income Tax	132315	128066	1490)66	146631	-2435	98.4	10.8
Union Excise Duty	103621	132000	1377	778	138372	594	100.4	33.5
Customs	83324	115000	1318	300	136058	4258	103.2	63.3
Service Tax	58422	68000	694	400	71309	1909	102.8	22.1
Total (Memo Items)	622407	744397	7844	121	791792	7371	100.9	27.2
Devolution to States	164831	208997	2193	303	219303	0	100.0	33.0
8. Non-Plan Expenditure (a+b)	721096	735657	8215	552	821569	17	100.0	13.9
(a) On Revenue Account	657925	643599	7267	749	726767	18	100.0	10.5
of which:								
(1) Interest Payments	213093	248664	2407	757	234738	-6019	97.5	10.2
(2) Major Subsidies	134658	108667	1539	962	131212	-22750	85.2	-2.6
(3) Pensions	56149	42840	532	262	53926	664	101.2	-4.0
(b) On Capital Account	63171	92058	948	303	94802	-1	100.0	50.1
9. Plan Expenditure (a+b) (a) Revenue Account	303391 253884	373092 315125	395 0 3269		377350 312363	-17674 -14565	95.5 95.5	24.4 23.0
(b) Capital Account	49507	57967	680)96	64987	-3109	95.4	31.3
10. Total Expenditure (8+9) 11. Revenue Expenditure	1024487	1108749	12165	576	1198919	-17657	98.5	17.0
(8a+9a)	911809	958724	10536	577	1039130	-14547	98.6	14.0
12. Capital Expenditure (8b+9b)	112678	150025	1628	899	159789	-3110	98.1	41.8
13. Revenue Deficit (1-11)	338998	276512	2698	344	244853	-24991	90.7	-27.8
14. Fiscal Deficit (7-10)	418482	381408	4009	998	369043	-31955	92.0	-11.8
15. Primary Deficit (14-8(a)(1)	205389	132744	1602	241	134305	-25936	83.8	-34.6

- Tax revenue (net to Centre) at ₹ 3,774 crore during April, 2011 registered a decrease of 62.5 per cent as against ₹ 10,062 crore in the same period of last year.
- Revenue deficit has increased by 19.7 per cent and constitutes 19.7 per cent of 2011-12(BE).
- Fiscal deficit during April, 2011 at ₹ 74,661 crore has increased by 38.3 per cent compared to similar period last year constituting 18.1 per cent of 2010-11(BE).

Trends in Central Government Finances: April 2011

Trends in Central Go	Budget	April 2011		Col.3 as	Col. 4 as	% Change over				
	Estimates _ 2010-11	2010-11	2010-11	% of 2010-11	% of 2011-12	2010-11	ing year 2011-12			
			2010 11	BE	BE		(4/3)			
(₹ Crore)										
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7))	(8)			
1. Revenue Receipts	789,892	12,979	6,880	1.9	0.9	9.6	-47.0			
Gross tax revenue	932,440	•	22,908	3.4	2.5	28.5	-9.2			
Tax (net to Centre)	664,457	10,062	3,774	1.9	0.6	34.8	-62.5			
Non Tax	125,435	2,917	3,106	2.0	2.5	-33.5	6.5			
2. Capital Receipts	467,837	54,247	80,250	12.7	17.2	-0.2	47.9			
of which:										
Recovery of loans	15,020	254	5,589	5.0	37.2	19.2	2100.4			
Other Receipts	40,000	0	0	0.0						
Borrowings and other liabilities	412,817	53,993	74,661	14.2	18.1	-0.3	38.3			
3. Total Receipts (1+2)	1,257,729	67,226	87,130	6.1	6.9	1.5	29.6			
4.Non-Plan Expenditure	816,182	48,206	70,123	6.6	8.6	3.4	45.5			
(a)+(b) (a) Revenue Account	733,558	47,496	53,087	7.4	7.2	7.4	11.8			
of which:										
Interest payments	267,986	14,134	15,078	5.7	5.6	21.0	6.7			
Major Subsidies	134,211	16,281	14,992	15.0	11.2	-10.1	-7.9			
Pensions	54,521	3,895	4,621	9.1	8.5	96.9	18.6			
(b) Capital Account	82,624	710	17,036	0.8	20.6	-70.8	2299.4			
5.Plan Expenditure (i)+(ii)	441,547	19,020	17,007	5.1	3.9	-2.9	-10.6			
(i) Revenue Account	363,604	16,121	14,408	5.1	4.0	-10.4	-10.6			
(ii) Capital Account	77,943	2,899	2,599	5.0	3.3	83.1	-10.3			
6.Total Expenditure (4)+(5)=(a)+(b)	1,257,729	67,226	87,130	6.1	6.9	1.5	29.6			
(a)Revenue Expenditure	1,097,162	63,617	67,495	6.6	6.2	2.3	6.1			
(b)Capital Expenditure	160,567	3,609	19,635	2.4	12.2	-10.0	444.1			
7. Revenue Deficit	307,270	50,638	60,615	18.3	19.7	0.6	19.7			
8. Effective Revenue	160,417		53,453		33.3					
Deficit.	448.04=	F2 002	7 4	142	10.4	6.2	26.2			
8. Fiscal Deficit	412,817	,	74,661	14.2	18.1	-0.3	38.3			
9. Primary Deficit	144,831	39,859	59,583	30.0	41.1	-6.2	49.5			

Source: Review of Union Government Accounts, April 2011, Ministry of Finance.