

**Ministry of Finance
Department of Economic Affairs
Economic Division
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**MONTHLY ECONOMIC REPORT
FEBRUARY 2011**

HIGHLIGHTS

- The overall growth of GDP at factor cost at constant prices, as per Advance Estimates, was 8.6 per cent in 2010-11 representing an increase from the revised growth of 8.0 per cent during 2009-10.
- The cumulative rainfall received for the country as a whole, during the winter season, 2011 (January 1 – February 28), was 22 per cent below the normal.
- Food grains (rice and wheat) stocks held by FCI and State agencies were 47.12 million tonnes as on January 1, 2011.
- Overall growth in the Index of Industrial Production (IIP) was 3.7 per cent during January 2011 as compared to 16.8 per cent in January 2010. During April-January 2010-11, IIP growth was 8.3 per cent as compared to 9.5 per cent during April-January 2009-10.
- Six core industries grew by 7.1 per cent in January 2011 as compared to the growth of 9.8 per cent in January 2010. During April-January 2010-11, these sectors grew by 5.6 per cent as compared to 5.5 per cent during April-January 2009-10.
- Broad money (M₃) (up to February 25, 2011) increased by 13.6 per cent as compared to 13.8 per cent during the corresponding period of the last year. The year-on-year growth, as on February 25, 2011 was 16.5 per cent as compared to 17.0 per cent last year.
- Exports, in US dollar terms increased by 32.4 per cent and imports increased by 13.1 per cent, during January 2011.
- Foreign Currency Assets stood at US \$ 272.2 billion at end February 2011 compared to US\$ 254.2 billion at end February 2010.
- Rupee depreciated against US dollar, Pound Sterling, Japanese Yen and Euro in the month of February 2011 over January 2011.
- Year-on-year inflation in terms of Wholesale Price Index was 8.31 per cent for the month of February 2011 as compared to 9.68 per cent in the corresponding month last year.
- Tax revenue (net to Centre) during April-January, 2010-11 recorded a growth of 27.9 per cent compared with corresponding period of 2009-10. Non-tax revenue grew by 120.7 per cent in April-January 2010-11 on account of one-off nature of receipts of proceeds from Spectrum auction.
- As a proportion of budget estimate, fiscal deficit during April-January 2010-11 was 58.3 per cent and revenue deficit was 56.3 per cent.

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ECONOMIC GROWTH

As per the Advance Estimate (AE) of Central Statistics Office (CSO), the growth in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at factor cost at constant (2004-05) prices was estimated at 8.6 per cent in 2010-11 as compared to 8.0 per cent in 2009-10 (Quick Estimate). At disaggregated level, this (AE 2010-11) comprises an increase of 5.4 per cent in agriculture and allied activities, a growth of 8.1 per cent in industry and 9.6 per cent in services as compared to a growth of 0.4 per cent, 8.0 per cent and 10.1 per cent respectively during 2009-10. Real GDP grew by 8.2 per cent in the 3rd quarter of 2010-11 following identical growth of 8.9 per cent in the first two.

Industry		Growth			Percentage share in GDP		
		2008-09	2009-10 (QE)	2010-11 (AE)	2008-09	2009-10 (QE)	2010-11 (AE)
1	Agriculture, forestry & fishing	-0.1	0.4	5.4	15.7	14.6	14.2
2	Industry	4.4	8.0	8.1	28.1	28.1	28.0
a	Mining & quarrying	1.3	6.9	6.2	2.3	2.3	2.3
b	Manufacturing	4.2	8.8	8.8	15.8	15.9	15.9
c	Electricity, gas & water supply	4.9	6.4	5.1	2.0	2.0	1.9
d	Construction	5.4	7.0	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.9
3	Services	10.1	10.1	9.6	56.2	57.3	57.8
a	Trade, hotels, transport & communication	7.6	9.7	11.0	26.1	26.6	27.1
b	Financing, insurance, real estate & business services	12.5	9.2	10.6	17.0	17.2	17.5
c	Community, social & personal services	12.7	11.8	5.7	13.1	13.6	13.2
4	GDP at factor cost	6.8	8.0	8.6	100.0	100.0	100.0

(QE): Quick Estimate; (AE): Advance Estimate

Items	2008-09				2009-10				2010-11		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
1. Agriculture, forestry & fishing	4.8	2.6	-1.3	3.3	1.8	1.2	-1.6	0.7	2.5	4.4	8.9
Industry	6.8	6.0	1.9	2.1	3.7	5.9	9.5	13.3	11.3	8.9	6.4
2. Mining & quarrying	1.0	0.0	1.2	-0.3	6.9	6.6	5.2	14.0	8.4	7.9	6.0
3. Manufacturing	6.4	6.3	1.9	0.6	2.0	6.1	11.4	16.3	13.0	9.8	5.6
4. Electricity, gas & water supply	5.1	6.2	5.9	4.1	6.2	7.5	4.5	7.1	6.2	3.4	6.4
5. Construction	9.7	7.2	1.1	5.7	5.4	5.1	8.3	8.7	10.3	8.7	8.0
Services	9.7	10.0	10.2	8.3	9.0	11.6	9.4	8.4	9.3	9.8	8.8
6. Trade, hotels, transport & communication	10.1	10.4	4.3	5.7	5.5	8.2	10.8	12.4	11.0	12.1	9.4
7. Financing, insurance, real estate & bus.	10.1	9.8	10.8	12.3	11.5	10.9	8.5	7.9	7.9	8.2	11.2
8. Community, social & personal services	8.3	9.4	22.6	8.8	13.0	19.4	7.6	1.6	7.8	7.4	4.8
9. GDP at factor cost (total 1 to 8)	8.0	7.8	5.6	5.8	6.3	8.6	7.3	8.6	8.9	8.9	8.2

AGRICULTURE

Rainfall: The rainfall situation in India is categorized into four seasons: winter season (January-February); pre monsoon (March-May); south west monsoon (June-September) and post monsoon (October-December). South west monsoon accounts for more than 75 per cent of annual rainfall.

In the current year, during the south west-monsoon period (June 1 to September 30), the cumulative rainfall received for the country as a whole, was 912.8 mm, which is 2 per cent above the normal. During this period, out of 36 meteorological sub-divisions in the country, 31 received excess/normal rainfall and 5 received deficient rainfall. The cumulative rainfall received for the country as a whole, during the winter season (January-February), was 45 per cent below the normal, as on 09.02.2011.

All India production of food grains: According to the Second Advance Estimates released on 9th February, 2011, the production of food grains is estimated at 232.07 million tonnes during 2010-11 compared to 218.11 million tonnes (final estimates) in 2009-10.

Procurement: Procurement of rice as on January 1, 2011 (Kharif Marketing Season

	Table 3: Procurement in Million Tonnes			
	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11
Rice(Oct-Sept)	28.74	34.10	32.03	19.04*
Wheat(Apr-Mar)	11.13	22.69	25.38	22.51
Total	39.87	56.79	57.41	41.55
* Position as on 02.02.2011				

2010-11) at 14.47 million tonnes represents a decline of 8 per cent compared to the corresponding date last year. Wheat procurement during Rabi Marketing Season 2010-11 was 22.51 million tonnes as compared to 25.38 million

tonnes during the corresponding period last year.

Off-take: Off-take of rice during the month of December, 2010 was 26.76 lakh tonnes. This comprises 21.16 lakh tonnes under TPDS and 5.60 lakh tonnes under other schemes. In respect of wheat, the total offtake was 20.74 lakh tonnes comprising 17.00 lakh tonnes under TPDS and 3.74 lakh tonnes under other schemes.

Stocks of food-grains (rice and wheat) held by FCI as on January 1, 2011 were 47.12 million tonnes, which was lower by (-) 0.7 per cent over the level of 47.44 million tonnes as on January 1, 2010.

Table 4: Off-take and stocks of food-grains (Million Tonnes)					
	Off-take			Stocks	
	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	January 1, 2010	January 1, 2011
Rice	25.23	24.62	27.37	24.35	25.58
Wheat	12.20	14.88	22.35	23.09	21.54
Total	37.43	39.50	49.72	47.44	47.12

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Industry Group	2009-10	2009-10(Apr.-Jan.)	2010-11(Apr.-Jan.)	January 2010	January 2011
General index	10.5	9.5	8.3	16.8	3.7
Mining	9.9	9.4	7.2	15.3	1.6
Manufacturing	11.0	9.9	8.6	17.9	3.3
Electricity	6.0	5.6	5.3	5.6	10.5
Use-based industrial groups					
Basic goods	7.2	6.7	6.5	11.5	7.6
Capital goods	20.9	16.1	12.3	57.9	-18.6
Intermediate goods	13.6	13.4	9.1	22.2	7.9
Consumer goods	6.2	5.9	7.1	0.4	11.3
Durables	24.6	23.2	21.6	28.2	23.3
Non-durables	0.4	0.4	1.4	-7.0	6.9

have decreased substantially in both mining and manufacturing sectors and increased only in electricity sector. In the use-based industrial groups, the growth rates have decreased in basic goods and intermediate goods and in capital goods sector, the growth rate is negative in January 2011. In consumer goods sector the growth rate has increased to 11.3 per cent in January 2011 as compared to 0.4 per cent in corresponding period of previous year. The consumer non-durables which had been stagnating for the past several months have rebounded during January 2011 with growth rate of 6.9 per cent as compared to (-)7.0 per cent in the corresponding period of previous year.

Industry	January 2010	January 2011	2009-10 (April-January)	2010-11 (April-January)
Coal	5.4	-1.2	8.0	0.8
Electricity generation ¹	6.4	9.3	5.9	5.0
Crude oil	9.8	10.8	-0.1	11.9
Petroleum products	3.8	8.7	-0.5	2.4
Finished steel	16.8	8.2	5.7	7.8
Cement	12.4	1.8	11.1	4.1
Overall growth	9.8	7.1	5.5	5.6

(¹): This will not necessarily match the growth in electricity given in the Index of Industrial Production

During January 2011, the IIP growth was 3.7 per cent as compared to 16.8 per cent growth during the corresponding period of previous year. In mining, manufacturing and electricity sectors, the growth rates in January 2011 were 1.6, 3.3 and 10.5 per cent respectively. The growth rates

Six core industries: The index for six core industries (comprising crude oil, petroleum refinery products, coal, electricity, cement and finished carbon steel) with a weight of 26.68 per cent in the IIP grew by 5.6 per cent during April-January 2010-11, as compared to growth rate of 5.5 per cent achieved during the corresponding period in 2009-10. During the month of January 2011, the overall growth of the core sector industries was

7.1 per cent as compared to the growth of 9.8 per cent during January 2010. During January 2011, the growth in crude oil sector was 10.8 per cent followed by electricity 9.3 per cent, petroleum refinery products 8.7 per cent and finished steel sector 8.2 per cent. The growth rate slowed down to 1.8 per cent in cement and growth rate was negative in coal.

MONEY AND BANKING

Broad money (M₃) (up to February 25, 2011) increased by 13.6 per cent as compared to 13.8 per cent during the corresponding period of the last year. The year-on-year growth, as on February 25, 2011 was 16.5 per cent as compared to 17.0 per cent last year.

Table 7. Money Stock : Components and Sources						
(₹ crore)						
Item	Outstanding as on		Variation over			
	2010	2011	Financial Year so far		Year-on-Year	
	Mar. 31	Feb. 25	2009-2010	2010-2011	2010	2011
M ₃	55,99,762	63,59,197	13.8	13.6	17.0	16.5
Components (i+ii+iii+iv)						
(i) Currency with the Public	7,68,033	9,05,628	13.5	17.9	16.2	19.9
(ii) Demand Deposits with Banks	7,22,739	6,73,767	8.2	-6.8	20.2	5.7
(iii) Time Deposits with Banks	41,05,151	47,76,184	14.9	16.3	16.7	17.6
(iv) "Other" Deposits with Reserve Bank	3,839	3,618	-33.6	-5.8	-38.1	-2.1
Sources (i+ii+iii+iv-v)						
(i) Net Bank Credit to Government (a+b)	16,67,096	18,58,791	25.6	11.5	34.0	15.9
(a) Reserve Bank	2,11,586	3,00,211				
(b) Other Banks	14,55,511	15,58,580	19.5	7.1	17.4	7.3
(ii) Bank Credit to Commercial Sector (a+b)	34,92,781	40,79,938	10.9	16.8	15.2	22.0
(a) Reserve Bank	1,328	1,570	-	-	-	-
(b) Other Banks	34,91,453	40,78,367	11.2	16.8	15.4	22.2
(iii) Net Foreign Exchange Assets of Banking Sector*	12,81,469	13,96,679	-3.8	9.0	-0.1	7.3
(iv) Government's Currency Liabilities to the Public	11,270	12,152	11.1	7.8	11.9	8.8
(v) Banking Sector's Net Non-Monetary Liabilities	8,52,854	9,88,363	-6.6	15.9	7.6	23.1
of which :						
Net Non-Monetary Liabilities of RBI	3,01,615	3,71,505	-12.4	23.2	-4.8	9.4
* Includes investments in foreign currency denominated bonds issued by IIFC(UK) since March 20, 2009.						

Reserve money (M₀) during the financial year 2010-11 (up to February 11, 2011) showed an increase of 10.5 per cent as compared to increase of 6.6 per cent in the corresponding period of the previous year. The year-on-year variation revealed an increase of 21.3 per cent as on February 11, 2011, compared to 17.6 per cent on the corresponding date of the previous year.

An important source of reserve money, namely, net foreign exchange assets (NFA) of the RBI increased by 8.3 per cent (during the financial year) as on February 11, 2011 as compared to an decrease of 0.9 per cent in the same period last year. The y-o-y growth rate of NFA, as on February 11, 2011 was 5.2 per cent as compared to increase of 4.6 per cent on the corresponding date of the last year.

Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCBs): business in India

During the current financial year (upto February 25, 2011), Bank credit increased by 17.4 per cent as compared to increase of 11.4 per cent during the corresponding period of last year.

The Non-Food credit during this period recorded an increase of 17.3 per cent as compared to an increase of 11.7 per cent during the corresponding period of last year.

The aggregate deposits with Scheduled Commercial Banks recorded an increase of 13.2 per cent (as on February 25, 2011) as against an increase of 13.9 per cent in the corresponding period of last year.

Items	Outstanding as on (Rs. in crore)		Percentage Variation			
			Financial year so far		Year-on-year	
			2009-2010	2010-2011	2010	2011
	March 26, 2010	February 25, 2011				
Bank Credit	3240399	3810445	11.4	17.4	15.9	23.2
Non-Food credit	3191909	3745153	11.7	17.3	16.1	23.1
Aggregate deposits	4486574	5083852	13.9	13.2	16.9	16.4
Investments in Government. And other approved securities	1166410	1485162	18.4	7.3	16.4	7.6

Item / Week Ended	2010	2011
	Feb 26	Feb 25
Cash Reserve Ratio (per cent) ⁽¹⁾	5.50	6.00
Bank Rate	6.00	6.00
Repo Rate	4.75	6.50
Reverse Repo Rate	3.25	5.50
Prime Lending Rate ⁽²⁾	11.00-12.00	8.25-9.50
Deposit Rate ⁽³⁾	6.00-7.50	8.25-9.50
Call Money Rate (Low / High) ⁽⁴⁾		
- Borrowings	3.24	6.77
- Lendings	3.24	6.77

(1) Cash Reserve Ratio relates to Scheduled Commercial Banks (excluding Regional Rural Banks). (2) Prime Lending Rate relates to five major Banks. (3) Deposit Rate relates to major Banks for term deposits of more than one year maturity. (4) Data cover 90-95 per cent of total transactions reported by participants.

Interest rates (per cent per annum): As on February 25, 2011, Bank Rate was 6.00 per cent. Call money rates (borrowing & lending) were 6.77 per cent as compared with 3.24 per cent on the corresponding date of last year.

EXTERNAL SECTOR

Foreign trade: Exports, in US dollar terms and customs basis, during January 2011 increased by 32.4 per cent and imports increased by 13.1 per cent over January 2010. Oil imports decreased by 7.8 per cent and non-oil imports increased by 23.8 per cent during January 2011 over January 2010.

Item	2008-09 (Apr-Mar)	2009-10 (Apr-Mar)	January -10	January- 11	% Change in January- 2011
Exports	185295	178751	15557	20605	32.4
Imports	303696	288373	25267	28587	13.1
Oil imports	93667	87136	8513	7852	-7.8
Non-Oil	210029	201237	16754	20734	23.8
Trade	-118401	-109621	-9710	-7981	-

Source: Provisional data as per the Press Note of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry

Foreign Currency Assets

	Amount		Variation	
	₹ crore	US\$ million	₹ crore	US\$ million
At the end of			(over last year)	
March, 2007	836597	191924	189270	46816
March, 2008	1196023	299230	359426	107306
March, 2009	1231340	241676	35317	-57554
March, 2010	1150778	254935	-80562	13259
2010-11			(over last month)	
April 2010	1133322	255023	-17456	88
May	1152893	248201	19571	-6822
June	1164431	249878	11538	1677
July 2010	1202388	258801	37957	8923
August	1207494	256477	5106	-2324
September	1192541	265481	-14953	9004
October 2010	1199656	269343	7115	3862
November	1213296	263531	13640	-5812
December	1201197	268064	-12099	4533
January 2011	1241305	270143	40108	2079
February 2011	1229970	272238	-11335	2095

Source: RBI.

Exchange rate: The rupee depreciated by 0.09 per cent against US dollar, 2.4 per cent against Pound Sterling, 0.1 per cent against Japanese Yen and 2.5 per cent against Euro in the month of February 2011 over January 2011.

Table 12: Rupees per unit of foreign currency*				
	US dollar	Pound Sterling	Japanese Yen	Euro
March, 2008	40.3561	80.8054	0.4009	62.6272
March, 2009	51.2287	72.9041	0.5251	66.9207
March, 2010	45.4965	68.4360	0.5018	61.7653
2010-11				
April 2010	44.4995	68.2384	0.4763	59.6648
May	45.7865	67.1747	0.4969	57.6553
June	46.5443	68.6952	0.5122	56.9016
July 2010	46.8373	71.5150	0.5343	59.7636
August	46.5679	72.9736	0.5465	59.9700
September 2010	46.0616	71.6578	0.5454	60.0592
October	44.4583	70.3381	0.5428	61.7153
November	45.0183	71.8498	0.5457	61.4981
December 2010	45.1568	70.4635	0.5425	59.6652
January 2011	45.3934	71.5394	0.5496	60.5178
February 2011	45.4538	73.2921	0.5503	62.0904
* FEDAI Indicative Market Rates (on Yearly/Monthly average basis)				

External assistance and debt service payments: Gross external aid in April-February 2011 at ₹ 33810.43 crore shows an increase of 30.83 per cent, compared to ₹ 25842.61 crore in April-February 2010. Net disbursement was ₹ 21863.66 crore in April-February 2011 compared to ₹ 14413.15 crore in April-February 2010. Net transfers were ₹ 18612.93 crore in April-February 2011 compared to ₹ 10691.16 crore in April-February 2010.

Table 13: External Assistance and Debt Service Payments				
				(₹ crore)
	February 2011	During the Financial year 2010-11	February 2010	During the Financial year 2009-10
External Assistance (Government Account)				
1) Gross Disbursement	1,011.14	27,593.90	1,638.37	18,179.29
2) Repayments	860.80	10,709.15	842.46	10,217.13
3) Interest Payments	267.76	2,658.19	225.73	3,206.53
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	150.34	16,884.75	795.91	7,962.16
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	-117.42	14,226.56	570.18	4,755.63
External Assistance (Non-Government Account)				
1) Gross Disbursement	35.00	3,780.16	335.38	4,925.52
2) Repayments	34.74	1,237.62	32.45	1,212.33
3) Interest Payments	26.22	592.54	13.87	515.46
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	0.26	2,542.54	302.93	3,713.19
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	-25.96	1,950.00	289.06	3,197.73
Government Grants				
1) Gross Disbursement	109.94	2,296.81	59.06	2,694.70
2) Repayments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3) Interest Payments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	109.94	2,296.81	59.06	2,694.70
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	109.94	2,296.81	59.06	2,694.70
Non-Government Grants				
1) Gross Disbursement	0.00	139.56	0.00	43.10
2) Repayments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3) Interest Payments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	0.00	139.56	0.00	43.10
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	0.00	139.56	0.00	43.10
Grand Total				
1) Gross Disbursements	1,156.08	33,810.43	2,032.81	25,842.61
2) Repayments	895.54	11,946.77	874.91	11,429.46
3) Interest Payments	293.98	3,250.73	239.60	3,721.99
4) Net Disbursement (1-2)	260.54	21,863.66	1,157.90	14,413.15
5) Net Transfers (4-3)	-33.44	18,612.93	918.30	10,691.16

INFLATION

Wholesale Price Index (WPI 2004-05=100): Year-on-year inflation measured in terms of WPI for February 2011 was at 8.31 per cent. This reflects increase of 7 basis points compared to WPI inflation in January 2011. The financial year 2010-11 started with double digit headline inflation. After remaining in double digit for four successive months (April-July), headline inflation came down to single digit and stood at 8.8 per cent in August 2010. Notwithstanding, better monsoon situation and crop production, in January 2011 and February 2011; WPI inflation remained sticky at 8.2 per cent and 8.3 per cent respectively mainly on account of high inflation in fruits, vegetables and protein rich items. The average WPI inflation rate for last 12 months (March 2010 to February 2011) was 9.4 per cent as compared to 2.9 per cent during corresponding period in 2009-10. The build-up of inflation since March to February 2011 stood at 7.5 per cent during current financial year as against 9.4 per cent in the corresponding period last year. Major breakup of WPI inflation rates is indicated in Table 14 below.

Major groups	Weight (%)	Cumulative change (%) Since March		Inflation (%)		Inflation (%) (Average of 12 months)	
		2010-11	2009-10	2010-11	2009-10	2010-11	2009-10
ALL COMMODITIES	100.00	7.51	9.42	8.31	9.68	9.39	2.86
PRIMARY ARTICLES	20.12	13.20	20.47	14.79	21.73	18.26	11.31
<i>Food articles</i>	<i>14.34</i>	<i>10.51</i>	<i>20.50</i>	<i>10.65</i>	<i>21.85</i>	<i>18.29</i>	<i>15.08</i>
FUEL AND POWER	14.91	8.71	10.97	11.49	10.16	12.30	-3.42
MANUFACTURED PDT.	64.97	4.78	5.03	4.94	5.20	5.22	1.48

Inflation based on Consumer Price Index: : Inflation in Consumer Price Index for Industrial Workers (CPI-IW) has declined to 9.30 per cent in January 2011 from its peak of 16.22 per cent in January 2010. CPI-IW food inflation (weight 46.20%) has increased to 10.22 per cent in January 2011 from its peak of 21.29 per cent in December 2009. Overall inflation in Consumer Price Index for Rural Labor (CPI-RL) has declined to 8.69 per cent in January 2011 from its peak of 17.35 per cent in January 2010. CPI-RL food inflation (weight 66.77%) has also declined to 7.53 per cent from its peak of 20.78 per cent in January, 2010.

	WPI	CPI-IW	CPI-UNME	CPI-AL	CPI-RL
Base	2004-05	2001	1984-85	1986-87	1986-87
Apr-10	11.00	13.33	14.41	14.96	14.96
May-10	10.60	13.91	14.09	13.68	13.68
June-10	10.28	13.73	14.12	13.02	13.02
July-10	10.02	11.25	11.54	11.02	11.24
Aug-10	8.82	9.88	10.30	9.65	9.66
Sep-10	8.93	9.82	10.39	9.13	9.34
Oct-10	9.12	9.70	9.64	8.43	8.45
Nov-10	8.08	8.33	8.40	7.14	6.95
Dec-10	9.41	9.47	9.44	7.99	8.01
Jan-11	8.23	9.30	-	8.67	8.69
Feb-11	8.31	-	-	-	-

Note: WPI-inflation: Dec-2010 and Jan-2011 are provisional and CPI_UNME is linked index from April, 2008 onward.

Table 16: World Commodity Price Data

Commodity	Unit	Annual Averages			Monthly Averages		
		Jan-Dec	Jan-Dec	Jan-Feb	Dec	Jan	Feb
		2009	2010	2011	2010	2011	2011
Energy							
Coal, Australia	\$/mt	71.8	99.0	129.0	118.3	132.5	125.5
Crude oil, average	\$/bbl	61.8	79.0	95.3	90.0	92.7	97.9
Crude oil, Brent	\$/bbl	61.9	79.6	100.1	91.8	96.3	104.0
Crude oil, Dubai	\$/bbl	61.8	78.1	96.3	89.1	92.4	100.3
Natural gas, US	\$/mmbtu	4.0	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.5	4.1
Agriculture							
Coffee, robusta	¢/kg	164.4	173.6	232.0	207.4	222.9	241.1
Tea, auctions (3) average	¢/kg	272.4	288.5	296.2	304.2	302.1	290.4
Food							
Coconut oil	\$/mt	725.4	1123.5	2149.0	1715.0	2038.0	2260.0
Copra	\$/mt	479.7	749.6	1428.5	1154.0	1354.0	1503.0
Groundnut oil	\$/mt	1183.7	1404.0	1759.0	1753.0	1788.0	1730.0
Palm oil	\$/mt	682.8	900.8	1285.5	1228.0	1281.0	1290.0
Palmkernel oil	\$/mt	700.0	1184.2	2207.5	1820.0	2120.0	2295.0
Soybean meal	\$/mt	407.7	378.3	447.5	433.0	451.0	444.0
Soybean oil	\$/mt	848.7	1004.7	1371.0	1322.0	1374.0	1368.0
Soybeans	\$/mt	436.9	449.8	572.0	547.0	572.0	572.0
Grains							
Maize	\$/mt	165.5	185.9	278.9	250.4	264.9	292.9
Rice, Thailand, 5%	\$/mt	555.0	488.9	522.9	532.0	516.8	529.0
Wheat, US, HRW	\$/mt	224.1	223.6	337.3	306.5	326.6	348.1
Wheat, US SRW	\$/mt	186.0	229.7	329.6	308.6	320.4	338.8
Sugar, world	¢/kg	40.0	46.9	65.1	61.7	65.3	65.0
Raw Materials							
Timber							
Logs, Malaysia	\$/cum	287.2	278.2	322.0	306.5	315.3	328.6
Plywood	¢/sheets	564.6	569.1	586.6	582.4	584.5	588.7
Rubber RSS1, US	¢/kg	214.6	386.6	610.8	490.3	580.9	640.7
Fertilizers							
DAP	\$/mt	323.1	500.7	599.8	593.9	595.8	603.8
Phosphate rock	\$/mt	121.7	123.0	157.5	140.0	155.0	160.0
Potassium chloride	\$/mt	630.4	331.9	371.3	354.0	367.5	375.0
Urea	\$/mt	249.6	288.6	366.1	375.1	374.1	358.1
Metals and Minerals							
Aluminum	\$/mt	1664.8	2173.1	2473.9	2350.7	2439.5	2508.2
Copper	\$/mt	5149.7	7534.8	9711.7	9147.3	9555.7	9867.6
Gold	\$/toz	973.0	1224.7	1364.6	1390.6	1356.4	1372.7
Silver	¢/toz	1469.4	2019.7	2970.5	2937.4	2855.2	3085.8
Steel products index	2000=100	227.1	229.7	243.2	233.5	240.9	245.5

Source: World Bank - The Pink Sheet

FISCAL SITUATION

Tax revenue (net to Centre) during April- January, 2010-11 recorded a growth of 27.9 per cent compared with corresponding period of 2009-10. Non-tax revenue grew by 120.7 per cent in April- January 2010-11 on account of one-off nature of receipts of proceeds from telecom (3G/BWA) Spectrum auction.

Table 17 : Trends in Central Government Finances: April–January 2011

	Budget	April- January		Col.3 as	Col. 4 as	% Change over	
	Estimates			% of	% of	proceeding year	
	2010-11	2009-10	2010-11	2009-10	2010-11	2009-10	2010-11
	(₹ crore)						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1. Revenue Receipts	682,212	4,25,021	6,28,861	69.2	92.2	5.0	48.0
Gross tax revenue	746,651	4,53,608	5,78,226	70.8	77.4	-1.2	27.5
Tax (net to Centre)	534,094	3,33,336	4,26,477	70.3	79.9	1.2	27.9
Non Tax	148,118	91,685	2,02,384	65.4	136.6	21.4	120.7
2. Capital Receipts	426,537	3,58,973	2,54,668	88.3	59.7	34.8	-29.1
of which:							
Recovery of loans	5,129	5,129	9,702	121.4	189.2	50.6	89.2
Other Receipts	40,000	4,306	22,744	384.5	56.9		428.2
Borrowings and other liabilities	381,408	3,49,538	2,22,222	87.2	58.3	33.0	-36.4
3. Total Receipts (1+2)	1,108,749	7,83,994	8,83,529	76.8	79.7	16.8	12.7
4. Non-Plan Expenditure (a)+(b)	735,657	5,57,018	6,10,872	80.1	83.0	18.0	9.7
(a) Revenue Account	643,599	5,17,920	5,53,771	83.7	86.0	16.3	6.9
of which:							
Interest payments	248,664	1,57,266	1,71,767	69.7	69.1	6.1	9.2
Major Subsidies	108,667	1,06,101	1,01,452	100.5	93.4	-7.8	-4.4
Pensions	42,840	39,351	45,222	112.5	105.6	58.9	14.9
(b) Capital Account	92,058	39,098	57,101	50.9	62.0	46.9	46.0
5. Plan Expenditure (i)+(ii)	373,092	2,26,976	2,72,657	69.8	73.1	14.0	20.1
(i) Revenue Account	315,125	1,91,392	2,30,846	68.7	73.3	13.5	20.6
(ii) Capital Account	57,967	35,584	41,811	76.1	72.1	17.0	17.5
6. Total Expenditure (4)+(5)=(a)+(b)	1,108,749	7,83,994	8,83,529	76.8	79.7	16.8	12.7
(a) Revenue Expenditure	958,724	7,09,312	7,84,617	79.1	81.8	15.5	10.6
(b) Capital Expenditure	150,025	74,682	98,912	60.4	65.9	31.0	32.4
7. Revenue Deficit	276,512	2,84,291	1,55,756	100.6	56.3	35.9	-45.2
8. Fiscal Deficit	381,408	3,49,538	2,22,222	87.2	58.3	33.0	-36.4
9. Primary Deficit	132,744	1,92,272	50,455	109.6	38.0	67.8	-73.8

Source: Review of Union Government Accounts, April- January 2010-11, Ministry of Finance.